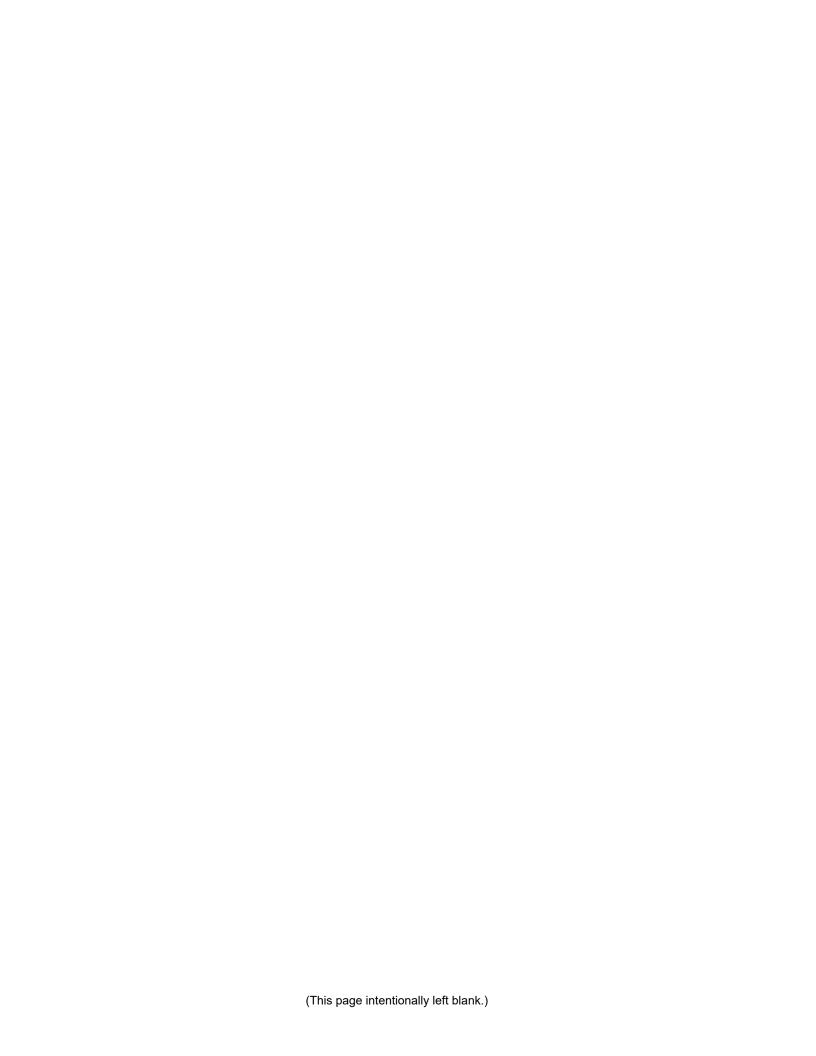
ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020



Boerne Independent School District Annual Financial Report For The Year Ended June 30, 2020

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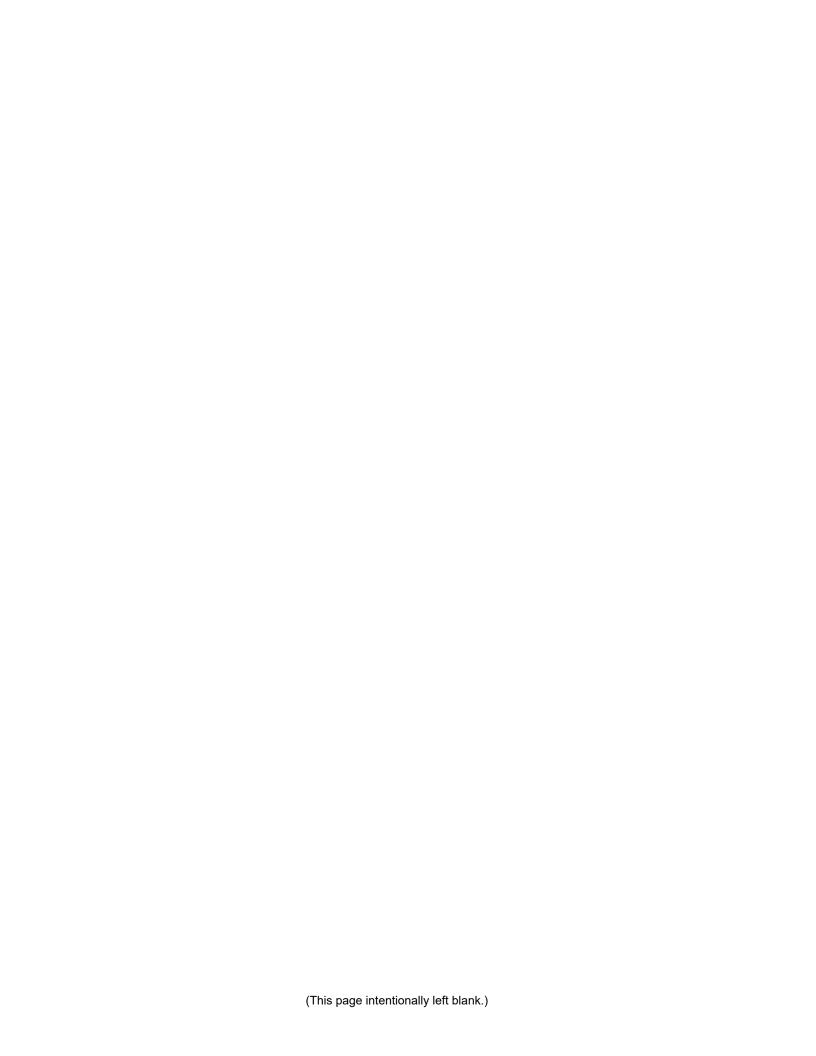
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CERTIFICATE OF BOARD

Boerne Independent School District Name of School District	Kendall County	<u>130-901</u> CoDist. Number				
We, the undersigned, certify that the attached annual	ual financial reports of t	he above named school district				
were reviewed and (check one)Xapproveddisapproved for the year ended June 30, 2020,						
at a meeting of the board of trustees of such school di	istrict on the $\frac{16\text{th}}{}$ day of $_{_}$	NOVEMBER , 2020 .				
Rich Sena	Mari	itza Gonzalez-Cooper				
Signature of Board Secretary	Signature	of Board President				
f the board of trustees disapproved of the auditors' report, the reason(s) for disapproving it is (are): (attach list as necessary)						

Financial Section



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District:

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Boerne Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.



Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the District as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended, in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the Management's Discussion and Analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of the District's proportionate share of the net pension and other postemployment benefits liability, and schedules of District contributions, identified as Required Supplementary Information on the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the Required Supplementary Information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information, and the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, and is also not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, and other supplementary information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements, other supplementary information, and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory section and the schedule of required responses to selected school first indicators have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated October 28, 2020 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas October 28, 2020

Management's Discussion & Analysis (MD&A)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

This discussion and analysis of the Boerne Independent School District's (the "District") financial performance provides an overview of the District's financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. It should be read in conjunction with the District's financial statements.

FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

- The District's total combined net position at June 30, 2020 was negative \$770,802.
- For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District's general fund reported a total fund balance of \$19,746,632, of which all was unassigned.
- At the end of the fiscal year, the District's governmental funds (the general fund plus all state and federal grant funds, the debt service fund, and the capital projects fund) reported combined ending fund balances of \$34,873,580.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The annual report consists of three parts – Management's Discussion and Analysis (this section), the Basic Financial Statements, and Required Supplementary Information. The basic statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the District.

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that provide both *long-term* and *short-term* information about the District's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on *individual parts* of the government, reporting the District's operations in more detail than the government-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how general government services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.
- The proprietary fund statements provide information about services provided to parties inside the District. The proprietary funds include the internal service fund (the District's insurance fund).
- Fiduciary fund statements provide information about the financial relationships in which the District acts solely as a
 trustee or agent for the benefit of others to whom the fiduciary resources belong. This fund includes student activity
 funds.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data. The notes to the financial statements are followed by a section entitled *Required Supplementary Information* that further explains and supports the information in the financial statements.

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The government-wide statements report information about the District as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The Statement of Net Position includes all of the District's assets and liabilities. All of the current period's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the Statement of Activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The government-wide statements report the District's net position and how it has changed. Net position is the difference between the District's assets and liabilities and is one way to measure the District's financial health or position.

- Over time, increases or decreases in the District's net position are an indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- To assess the overall health of the District, one needs to consider additional nonfinancial factors such as changes in the District's tax base, staffing patterns, enrollment, and attendance.

The government-wide financial statements of the District include the *governmental activities*. Most of the District's basic services such as instruction, extracurricular activities, curriculum and staff development, health services, general administration, and plant operation and maintenance are included in *governmental activities*. Locally assessed property taxes, together with State foundation program entitlements, which are based upon student enrollment and attendance, finance most of the governmental activities.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the District's most significant funds – not the District as a whole. Funds are simply accounting devices that are used to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending for particular purposes.

- Some funds are required by State law and other funds are mandated by bond agreements or bond covenants.
- The Board of Trustees (the "Board") establishes other funds to control and manage money set aside for particular purposes or to show that the District is properly using certain taxes and grants.
- Other funds are used to account for assets held by the District in a custodial capacity these assets do not belong to the District, but the District is responsible to properly account for them.

The District has the following kinds of funds:

- Governmental funds Most of the District's basic services are included in governmental funds, which focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out and (2) the balances left at year end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the District's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the government-wide statements, we provide additional information at the bottom of the governmental funds statement, or on the subsequent page, that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.
- Proprietary funds These funds include the internal service fund. The District's workers' compensation and unemployment fund activity is reported in the internal service fund and is shown in a separate statement of net position and statement of changes in net position.
- Fiduciary funds The District serves as the trustee, or fiduciary, for certain funds such as student activity funds. The
 District is responsible for ensuring that the assets reported in these funds are used for their intended purposes. All of
 the District's fiduciary activities are reported in a separate statement of fiduciary net position. We exclude these
 activities from the District's government-wide financial statements because the District cannot use these assets to
 finance its governmental operations.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

The District's combined net position was negative \$770,802 at June 30, 2020. *Table 1* focuses on net position while *Table 2* shows the revenues and expenses that changed the net position balance during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. Revenues for the District decreased significantly in grants and contributions, not restricted to specific programs due to a decrease in state foundation revenue due to COVID-19 pandemic. Property tax revenues increased due to the increase in assessed value of properties within the District. Deferred outflows of resources decreased for the pension plan due to changes in actuarial assumptions, while increasing for the other postemployment benefits (OPEB) plan due to changes in actuarial assumptions, changes in proportion and difference between the District's contributions, and the proportionate share of contributions. There were significant increases in instruction, food service, and general administration expenses due to the increase in staff needed due to 3 new campuses. *Table 1* indicates the overall condition of the District decreased. The District's current assets decreased and capital assets increased related to the purchase of capital assets from the prior year bond issue. The District's long-term liabilities decreased primarily due to the District's new refunding bond.

Table 1
Net Position

		Govern Activ	Total Change			
Description		2020		2019		2020-2019
Current assets	\$	49,956,113	\$	71,039,442	\$	(21,083,329)
Capital assets	,	358,791,030	,	349,430,444	·	9,360,586
Total Assets		408,747,143		420,469,886		(11,722,743)
Deferred charge on refunding		-		1,633,215		(1,633,215)
Deferred outflows related to pensions		10,366,143		11,566,933		(1,200,790)
Deferred outflows related to OPEB		6,428,016		4,104,592		2,323,424
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources		16,794,159		17,304,740		(510,581)
Current liabilities		18,010,902		22,202,721		(4,191,819)
Long-term liabilities		391,871,316		404,495,288		(12,623,972)
Total Liabilities		409,882,218		426,698,009		(16,815,791)
Deferred charge on refunding		666,829		_		666,829
Deferred inflows related to pensions		3,505,595		1,206,254		2,299,341
Deferred inflows related to OPEB		12,257,462		9,023,291		3,234,171
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources		16,429,886		10,229,545		6,200,341
Net Position:						
Net investment in capital assets		21,437,714		21,018,070		419,644
Restricted for:						
State and federal programs		297,585		776,733		(479,148)
Debt service		7,545,123		6,035,641		1,509,482
Other restrictions of fund balance		2,622,056		1,640,884		981,172
Unrestricted		(32,673,280)		(28,624,256)		(4,049,024)
Total Net Position	\$	(770,802)	\$	847,072	\$	(1,617,874)

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Table 2 Changes in Net Position

		Governmental Activities				Total Change	
		2020		2019		2020-2019	
Revenues							
Program revenues:							
Charges for services		\$ 2,233,620	\$	2,895,384	\$	(661,764)	
Operating grants and contributions		13,065,238		10,362,199		2,703,039	
General revenues:							
Property taxes		93,848,195		91,745,004		2,103,191	
Investment earnings		1,005,812		2,457,470		(1,451,658)	
Grants and contributions not restricted	I to specific programs	3,284,820		8,308,593		(5,023,773)	
Miscellaneous		1,815,344		1,806,724		8,620	
	Total Revenue	 115,253,029		117,575,374		(2,322,345)	
Expenses							
Instruction		59,505,033		51,419,282		8,085,751	
Instructional resources and media service	es	1,227,420		1,021,112		206,308	
Curriculum and staff development		2,410,842		2,489,056		(78,214)	
Instructional leadership		1,587,071		894,011		693,060	
School leadership		5,848,539		5,306,579		541,960	
Guidance, counseling, and evaluation ser	vices	3,971,152		3,753,501		217,651	
Health services		1,500,031		966,611		533,420	
Student (pupil) transportation		3,061,686		2,641,926		419,760	
Food services		3,841,689		2,732,226		1,109,463	
Cocurricular/extracurricular activities		3,392,270		3,700,698		(308,428)	
General administration		4,374,559		2,720,077		1,654,482	
Plant maintenance and operations		8,807,461		8,143,551		663,910	
Security and monitoring		1,290,174		690,820		599,354	
Data processing services		2,382,878		2,388,479		(5,601)	
Community services		41,401		46,365		(4,964)	
Interest on long-term debt		12,736,542		14,044,438		(1,307,896)	
Contracted instructional services betwee	n state and others	-		10,554,906		(10,554,906)	
Payments related to shared services arra	angements	18,500		15,000		3,500	
Other intergovernmental charges		873,655		726,318		147,337	
	Total Expenses	116,870,903		114,254,956		2,615,947	
C	hange in Net Position	(1,617,874)		3,320,418		(4,938,292)	
Beginning net position		 847,072	-	(2,473,346)		3,320,418	
	Ending Net Position	\$ (770,802)	\$	847,072	\$	(1,617,874)	

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE DISTRICT'S FUNDS

At the close of the fiscal year ending June 30, 2020, the District's governmental funds reported a combined fund balance of \$34,873,580. This compares to a combined fund balance of \$51,718,417 at June 30, 2019. Fund balance declined primarily as a result of the expenditure of bond proceeds received in 2018. The revenues decreased mainly due to a decrease in the State's available school fund allotments. The expenditures increased due to an increase in instruction costs, school leadership, student transportation, and facilities and maintenance with the addition of 3 new campuses and bond payments. The general fund's fund balance increased slightly due to a reimbursement of funds from the capital projects fund. The debt service fund's fund balance decreased mainly due to debt service payments with the issuance of a refunding bond.

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS

In accordance with State law, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the food service special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. The District budgets the capital projects fund for each *project*, which normally covers multiple years. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

During the period ended June 30, 2020, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenses. There were material changes between the original budget and the final amended budget, including an increase in expenses of approximately \$5 million. The general fund's budgeted revenues exceeded actual revenues by \$3,329,884 and the budgeted expenditures exceeded actual expenditures by \$4,510,423.

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets are generally defined as those items that have useful lives of two years or more and have an initial cost or value (if donated) of an amount determined by the Board. During the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020, the District used a capitalization threshold of \$5,000, which means that all capital type assets, including library books, with a cost or initial value of less than \$5,000 were not included in the capital assets inventory.

At June 30, 2020, the District had a total of \$358,791,030 invested in capital assets such as land, buildings, and District equipment, net of depreciation. This total includes \$17,930,980 invested during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020.

More detailed information about the District's capital assets can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

LONG-TERM DEBT

At year end, the District had \$310,064,647 in general obligation bonds and notes outstanding versus \$321,787,405 last year.

More detailed information about the District's long-term liabilities is presented in the notes to the financial statements.

COVID-19

In March 2020, COVID-19 was recognized as a pandemic both worldwide and in the United States with local stay-at-home orders going into effect. The District suspended in-classroom learning for the remainder of the school year. While changes to operations caused a significant hardship, the overall impact to the financial operations for the 2019-2020 school year as a percentage of the overall budget was nominal. Areas impacted the most were teaching and learning, technology, and facilities. The District received \$1.3 million in additional allocations but elected to use those funds for anticipated additional costs in the 2020-21 school year.

ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGETS AND TAX RATES

Total appraised market value of the District for the 2020-2021 (2020 Tax Year) is \$9.9 billion which is an eight percent increase from the preceding year. Total taxable property values (including "frozen" values) used for the 2020-2021 budget preparation increased eight percent from the preceding year.

The Board set the tax rate for the 2020-2021 school year at the September Board meeting. The tax rates were approved with a decrease from prior year. Debt service tax rate is \$0.314, and maintenance and operation rate is \$0.9379 for a total tax rate of \$1.2519 per \$100 valuation.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

House Bill 3 passage by the 86th Legislative Session resulted in a large budget amendment in October 2019 increasing the general operating fund budget to \$83.7 million. The original 2020-2021 general operating fund budget is \$89.2 million, an increase of 10.6 percent from the 2019-2020 adopted budget and 6.7 percent increase from the October amended budget. Pay increases were approved for all positions for the 2020-2021 fiscal year. Non-exempt employees received two and a half percent of mid-point and exempt employees received one and a half percent of mid-point. New positions were budgeted to accommodate growth and programs. There was no estimated excess revenue due to the State. The District provided budget contingencies due to the unknown impact of the COVID-19 pandemic.

The District's 2020-2021 estimated average membership is projected at 10,137 with estimated average daily attendance at 9,731. Attendance has been historically 96 percent.

COVID-19 brought financial challenges to the general operating fund and child nutrition fund. The District built contingencies in the 2020-2021 budget as a financial plan in case enrollment did not materialize. Student enrollment for the first six-week period showed significant drop from estimates. To preserve the financial stability, the District executed the contingency plan and began setting aside funds from the approved budget. Due to the decrease in enrollment and increase in property values, the District is challenged with excess revenue of \$3.2 million which would be due back to the State. The estimate of excess revenue is expected to decrease as the school year continues and the District overcomes the challenges of COVID-19.

Proactive strategies aided in the success of implementing E-Learning platforms. The District used \$1.6 million in local funds identified for capital furniture replacement and reallocated those funds for technology devices. In addition, the district participated in Operation Connectivity and allocated Coronavirus Aid, Relief, and Economic Security (CARES) Act funds for more devices and connectivity for our students and staff. The Administrative Team and Curriculum Team developed learning platforms to meet students' needs and learning preferences. The District opened student learning with 75 percent in person and 25 percent e-learning.

The District remains aware of its dependence on local taxation to support all phases of its operations and is committed to providing the best possible education to every student, using the resources made available to it by State law and local taxpayer support.

CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, students, and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's commitment to accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional financial information, contact the Boerne Independent School District's business office at 235 Johns Road, Boerne, Texas 78006 or by calling (830) 357-2000.

Basic Financial Statements

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION

JUNE 30, 2020

(Except for the discretely presented component unit for which the date is December 31, 2019)

		1 Primary	4 Component
Data		Government	Unit
Control		Governmental	Boerne Education
Codes	_	Activities	Foundation
	ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 1,115,416	\$ 1,327
1120	Current Investments	44,816,149	1,409,338
1220	Property Taxes Receivable	2,559,415	
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(406,246)	
1240	Due from Other Governments	1,693,732	
1267	Due from Fiduciary	1,283	
1290	Other Receivables (Net)	132,953	
1300	Inventories	43,411	
1410	Prepaid Items		17,210
1510	Capital Assets:	00 100 004	
1510	Land	20,189,684	
1520	Buildings and Improvements, Net	306,199,091	
1530	Furniture and Equipment, Net	5,015,344	
1540	Vehicles, Net	3,532,887	
1580	Construction in Progress	12,618,811	
1590	Infrastructure, Net Total Assets	11,235,213	1 407 075
1000	Total Assets	408,747,143	1,427,875
	DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
1705	Deferred Outflows Related to Pensions	10,366,143	
1706	Deferred Outflows Related to OPEB	6,428,016	
1700	Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	16,794,159	
	LIABILITIES:		
2110	Accounts Payable	1,265,852	
2120	Short-Term Debt Payable	155,000	
2140	Interest Payable	5,756,615	
2165	Accrued Liabilities	8,903,590	38,563
2177	Due to Fiduciary	39,657	
2180	Due to Other Governments	1,031,245	
2300	Unearned Revenue	858,943	
0504	Noncurrent Liabilities:	7.405.004	
2501	Due Within One Year	7,185,634	
2502	Due in More Than One Year	334,838,114	
2540	Net Pension Liability	21,514,139	
2545	Net OPEB Liability	28,333,429	00 500
2000	Total Liabilities	409,882,218	38,563
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2500	Deferred Charge on Refunding	666,829	
2505	Deferred Inflows Related to Pensions	3,505,595	
2506	Deferred Inflows Related to OPEB	12,257,462	
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	16,429,886	
0000	NET POSITION:	04 407 744	
3200	Net Investment in Capital Assets	21,437,714	
2020	Restricted For:	207 505	
3820	Federal and State Programs Debt Service	297,585 7,545,122	
3850 3890	Other Restrictions on Net Position	7,545,123 2,622,056	
3900	Unrestricted	(32,673,280)	1 200 212
3000	Total Net Position	\$ (770,802)	1,389,312 \$ 1,389,312
3000	i otal ingl i osition	Ψ (110,002)	\$1,389,312

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(Except for the discretely presented component unit for which the date is December 31, 2019)

1 3 4

				Program Revenues			ues
Data				_	<u>_</u>		Operating
Control					Charges for	(Grants and
Codes	Functions/Programs		Expenses		Services	С	ontributions
	PRIMARY GOVERNMENT:	_	<u> </u>	_		-	
	Governmental Activities:						
11	Instruction	\$	59,505,033	\$		\$	8,868,097
12	Instructional Resources and Media Services	·	1,227,420			•	84,131
13	Curriculum and Staff Development		2,410,842				357,921
21	Instructional Leadership		1,587,071				85,994
23	School Leadership		5,848,539				587,364
31	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		3,971,152				487,184
33	Health Services		1,500,031				91,548
34	Student Transportation		3,061,686				141,431
35	Food Service		3,841,689		1,262,253		1,017,318
36	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		3,392,270		879,527		187,837
41	General Administration		4,374,559				223,713
51	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		8,807,461		91,840		469,622
52	Security and Monitoring Services		1,290,174				41,206
53	Data Processing Services		2,382,878				142,400
61	Community Services		41,401				4,093
72	Interest on Long-term Debt		12,736,542				256,860
93	Payments Related to Shared Services Arrangements		18,500				18,519
99	Other Intergovernmental Charges		873,655				
TG	Total Governmental Activities	_	116,870,903	_	2,233,620		13,065,238
TP	Total Primary Government	\$	116,870,903	\$	2,233,620	\$	13,065,238
		-		'=	,,-	'=	
	COMPONENT UNIT:						
1C	Boerne Education Foundation	$\$_{=}$	673,320	\$ _		\$	419,689
	Genera	l Rev	venues:				
MT			axes, Levied for G	eneral	Purposes		
DT			axes, Levied for D				
ΙE	·	•	t Earnings	0.01 00.			
GC			d Contributions No	t Restri	cted to Specific F	Program	ıs
MI	Misce				otou to opcome i	rogram	.0
TR			neral Revenues				
CN			in Net Position				
NB			ı - Beginning				
NE			ı - Ending				
	140(1 0)						

Net (Ex Changes	. ,	Rev Net	venue Pos	and sition
Governn Activit	_	Compor Unit	nent	
\$ (1,14 (2,05 (1,50 (5,26 (3,48 (1,40 (2,92 (1,56 (2,32 (4,15 (8,24 (1,24 (2,24 (3)	6,936) 3,289) 2,921) 1,077) 1,1,175) 3,968) 8,483) 0,255) 2,118) 4,906) 0,846) 5,999) 8,968) 0,478) 7,308) 9,682) 19 3,655) 2,045)	\$		
			(25	3,631)
\$ 22,93 1,00 3,28 1,81 99,95 (1,61	2,342 5,853 5,812 4,820 5,344 4,171 7,874) 7,072 0,802)		 208 (4! 1,434	1,418 6,976 8,394 5,237) 4,549 9,312

BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		10	50
Data			
Contro	I	General	Debt
Codes	•	Fund	Service
	ASSETS:		
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 474,525	\$ 28,107
1120	Current Investments	29,298,375	7,468,069
1220	Property Taxes Receivable	1,966,373	593,042
1230	Allowance for Uncollectible Taxes	(322,337)	(83,909)
1240	Due from Other Governments	1,356,884	48,964
1260	Due from Other Funds	109,643	
1290	Other Receivables	4,340	
1300	Inventories		
1000	Total Assets	\$ 32,887,803	\$ 8,054,273
	LIABILITIES:		
	Current Liabilities:		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$ 406,376	\$ 17
2160	Accrued Wages Payable	8,351,809	Ψ 17
2170	Due to Other Funds	1,058,571	
2180	Due to Other Governments	1,030,371	
2300	Unearned Revenue	649,135	
2000	Total Liabilities	11,497,136	17
2000	Total Elabilities	11,437,100	
	DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
2601	Unavailable Revenue - Property Taxes	1,644,035	509,133
2600	Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	1,644,035	509,133
	FUND BALANCES:		
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:		
3410	Inventories		
	Restricted Fund Balances:		
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions		
3470	Capital Acquisitions and Contractual Obligations		
3480	Retirement of Long-Term Debt		7,545,123
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		
3600	Unassigned	19,746,632	
3000	Total Fund Balances	19,746,632	7,545,123
	Tabel Lieb Witter Defense d Inflores		
4000	Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows	Φ 00.007.000	Φ 0.054.070
4000	of Resources, and Fund Balances	\$32,887,803_	\$8,054,273

60		98
	Other	Total
Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Projects	Funds	Funds
\$ 53,243	\$ 532,049	\$ 1,087,924
5,173,914	2,290,658	44,231,016
		2,559,415
		(406,246)
	287,884	1,693,732
657,455	1,736,146	2,503,244
	128,613	132,953
	43,411	43,411
\$ 5,884,612	\$ 5,018,761	\$ 51,845,449
Ψ	Ψ <u>3,010,701</u>	Ψ
\$ 388,540	\$ 467,001	\$ 1,261,934
	405,186	8,756,995
3,810	1,847,203	2,909,584
		1,031,245
	209,808	858,943
392,350	2,929,198	14,818,701
		2,153,168
		2,153,168
	43,411	43,411
	10,111	10,111
	254,174	254,174
5,492,262		5,492,262
		7,545,123
	1,791,978	1,791,978
		19,746,632
5,492,262	2,089,563	34,873,580
· · · · · ·	<u> </u>	 -
Ф E 004 610	Ф F 010 761	Ф Б1 04 Б 440
\$5,884,612	\$ <u>5,018,761</u>	\$51,845,449

RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

Total fund balances - governmental funds balance sheet	\$	34,873,580
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position (SNP) are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not reported in the funds.		358,791,030
Property taxes receivable unavailable to pay for current period expenditures are deferred in the funds.		2,153,168
The assets and liabilities of the internal service fund are included in governmental activities in the SNP.		830,078
Payables for bond principal which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(309,264,647)
Payables for bond interest which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(5,756,615)
Payables for notes which are not due in the current period are not reported in the funds.		(800,000)
Bond premiums are amortized in the SNP, but not in the funds.		(20,627,937)
Accreted interest on bonds is amortized in the SNP, but not in the funds.		(11,486,164)
Recognition of the deferred charge on refunding is not reported in the funds.		(666,829)
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability is not reported in the funds.		(21,514,139)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		(3,505,595)
Deferred outflows of resources related to the pension plan are not reported in the funds.		10,366,143
Recognition of the District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability is not reported in the funds.		(28,333,429)
Deferred inflows of resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.		(12,257,462)
Deferred outflows of resources related to the OPEB plan are not reported in the funds.	_	6,428,016
Net position of governmental activities - Statement of Net Position	\$_	(770,802)

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			10		50
Data					
Contro			General		Debt
Codes	_		Fund		Service
	REVENUES:			_	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	72,151,293	\$	23,000,598
5800			7,952,535		256,860
	Federal Program Revenues	_	530,041	_	
5020	Total Revenues		80,633,869	_	23,257,458
	EXPENDITURES:				
	Current:				
0011	Instruction		46,695,542		
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		1,000,105		
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		1,951,629		
0021	Instructional Leadership		1,150,472		
0023	School Leadership		5,040,977		
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services		3,314,069		
0033	Health Services		1,022,813		
0034	Student Transportation		2,633,015		
0035	Food Service		109,528		
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		2,495,782		
0041	General Administration		3,252,531		
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		8,615,234		
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		843,188		
0053	Data Processing Services		2,295,404		
0061	Community Services		38,271		
	Principal on Long-term Debt		150,000		52,552,758
	Interest on Long-term Debt		17,105		15,382,626
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees		350		2,697,052
0081	Capital Outlay		2,608		
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements				
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges		873,655		
6030	Total Expenditures		81,502,278		70,632,436
				_	
	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)				
1100	Expenditures	_	(868,409)	_	(47,374,978)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):				
7911	Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)				40,980,000
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property		3,346		
7915	Transfers In		1,258,764		7.700.000
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds				7,736,082
7917	Prepaid Interest		(7.005)		168,378
8911	Transfers Out		(7,825)	_	40.004.460
	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_	1,254,285	_	48,884,460
1200	Net Change in Fund Balances		385,876		1,509,482
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		19,360,756		6,035,641
	Fund Balances - Ending	.\$	19,746,632	.\$	7,545,123
5500	. aaaanoonang	Ψ_	. 0,7 10,002	$\Psi_{=}$	7,010,120

60		98
	Other	Total
Capital	Governmental	Governmental
Projects	Funds	Funds
\$ 305,370	\$ 3,238,323	\$ 98,695,584
	1,434,867	9,644,262
	2,977,930	3,507,971
305,370	7,651,120	111,847,817
	3,979,244	50,674,786
497,262	62,608	1,559,975
	251,000	2,202,629
	2,000	1,152,472
	69,104	5,110,081
	190,042	3,504,111
	299	1,023,112
386,792		3,019,807
	2,549,273	2,658,801
	738,368	3,234,150
	4,199	3,256,730
14,378	7,191	8,636,803
	37,750	880,938
1,047,846	[']	3,343,250
	2,455	40,726
	<u></u>	52,702,758
		15,399,731
		2,697,402
15,520,294	67,141	15,590,043
	18,500	18,500
	<u></u>	873,655
17,466,572	7,979,174	177,580,460
(47.404.000)	(000.05.4)	(05.700.040)
(17,161,202)	(328,054)	(65,732,643)
		40,980,000
		3,346
7,825	7,246	1,273,835
		7,736,082
		168,378
(1,258,764)	(7,246)	(1,273,835)
(1,250,939)		48,887,806
(18,412,141)	(328,054)	(16,844,837)
23,904,403	2,417,617	51,718,417
\$ 5,492,262	\$ 2,089,563	\$ 34,873,580

RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - total governmental funds

\$ (16,844,837)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities (SOA) are different because:

Capital outlays are not reported as expenses in the SOA.	17,930,980
The depreciation of capital assets used in governmental activities is not reported in the funds.	(8,570,394)
Certain property tax revenues are deferred in the funds. This is the change in these amounts this year.	204,043
Reversal of fiscal year on-behalf revenues are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(4,360,461)
Reversal of fiscal year on-behalf expenditures are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	4,360,461
Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	52,552,758
Repayment of loan principal is an expenditure in the funds but is not an expense in the SOA.	150,000
The accretion of interest on capital appreciation bonds is not reported in the funds.	1,589,307
(Increase) decrease in accrued interest from beginning of period to end of period.	(292,311)
The net revenue (expense) of the workers' compensation liability is reported with governmental activities.	196,595
Deferred charges on refunding in the funds but not in the SOA.	2,312,392
Proceeds of bonds do not provide revenue in the SOA, but are reported as current resources in the funds.	(40,980,000)
Bond premiums are reported in the funds but not in the SOA.	(6,195,261)
Bond issuance costs and similar items are amortized in the SOA but not in the funds.	42,004
GASB 68 on-behalf revenues are reported with governmental activities.	6,563,933
The District's share of the net pension expense is reported with governmental activities.	(9,567,389)
GASB 75 on-behalf revenues are reported with governmental activities.	992,267
The District's share of the net OPEB expense is reported with governmental activities.	(1,704,045)
GASB 75 federal funding recognized in the SOA is reported with governmental activities.	2,084

Change in net position of governmental activities - Statement of Activities

(1,617,874)

STATEMENT OF NET POSITION INTERNAL SERVICE FUND JUNE 30, 2020

Data Control Codes ASSETS:		Nonmajor Internal Service Fund Workers' Compensation				
1110	Current Assets:	Φ 07	400			
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	,492			
1120	Investments Receivables:	585.	,133			
1260	Due from Other Funds	367.	,966			
	Total Current Assets		,591			
1000	Total Assets		,591			
	LIABILITIES:					
	Current Liabilities:					
2110	Accounts Payable	3.	,918			
2123	Other Liabilities		,595			
	Total Current Liabilities	150	,513			
2000	Total Liabilities		,513			
	NET POSITION:					
3800	Restricted	830.	,078			
3000	Total Net Position	\$830	,078			

STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION - INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Data Contro Codes		Int	Nonmajor ernal Service Fund Workers' ompensation
	OPERATING REVENUES:		
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	493,335
5020	Total Revenues		493,335
6100 6400 6030	OPERATING EXPENSES: Payroll Costs Other Operating Costs Total Expenses	_	296,727 13 296,740
1300	Change in Net Position		196,595
0100 3300	Total Net Position - Beginning Total Net Position - Ending	\$	633,483 830,078

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS INTERNAL SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

		Nonmajor ernal Service Fund Workers' ompensation
Cash Flows from Operating Activities:		
Cash Receipts (Payments) for Quasi-external Operating Transactions with Other Funds	\$	490.094
Cash Payments to Other Suppliers for Goods and Services	Ψ	81,320
Other Operating Cash Receipts (Payments)		3,228
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		574,642
Cash Flows from Investing Activities:		
Change in Investments		(585,133)
Net Cash Provided (Used) for Investing Activities	_	(585,133)
Net Increase (Decrease) in Cash and Cash Equivalents		(10,491)
Cash and Cash Equivalents at Beginning of Year		37,983
Cash and Cash Equivalents at End of Year	\$	27,492
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash		
Provided (Used) by Operating Activities:		
Operating Income (Loss)	\$	196,595
Change in Assets and Liabilities:		
Decrease (Increase) in Receivables		358,376
Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable		(8,991)
Increase (Decrease) in Other Liabilities		28,662
Total Adjustments	.—	378,047
Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities	\$	574,642

STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		Agency Funds
	_	
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	97,297
Due from Other Funds		39,657
Total Assets		136,954
		989
Due to Other Funds		1,283
Due to Other Governments		40,622
Due to Student Groups		94,060
Total Liabilities		136,954
NET POSITION: Total Net Position	\$	
	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Due from Other Funds Total Assets LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Due to Other Funds Due to Other Governments Due to Student Groups Total Liabilities NET POSITION:

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

I. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. Reporting Entity

Boerne Independent School District (the "District") is a public educational agency operating under the applicable laws and regulations of the State of Texas (the "State"). It is governed by a seven-member Board of Trustees (the "Board") elected by registered voters of the District. The District prepares its basic financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and it complies with the requirements of the appropriate version of Texas Education Agency's (TEA) *Financial Accountability System Resource Guide* (the "Resource Guide") and the requirements of contracts and grants of agencies from which it receives funds.

The District is an independent political subdivision of the State governed by a board elected by the public and it has the authority to make decisions, appoint administrators and managers, and significantly influence operations, and is considered a primary government. As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements have been prepared based on considerations regarding the potential for inclusion of other entities, organizations, or functions as part of the District's financial reporting entity. No other entities have been included in the District's reporting entity. Additionally, as the District is considered a primary government for financial reporting purposes, its activities are not considered a part of any other governmental or other type of reporting entity.

The Boerne Education Foundation (the "Foundation") is a 501(c)3 nonprofit organization whose purpose is to receive and administer gifts for the District. The Foundation is legally separate from the District but benefits the District and its constituents. The Foundation is included in the District's financial statements as a discretely presented component unit. The fiscal year of the Foundation is January 1 through December 31 of each year. Separate financial statements are issued by the Foundation and can be obtained from Boerne Education Foundation, P.O. Box 8, Boerne, Texas 78006.

B. Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. All fiduciary activities are reported only in the fund financial statements. *Governmental activities*, which normally are supported by taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions, are reported separately.

C. Basis of Presentation – Government-Wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from governmental funds and internal service funds. Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments in lieu of taxes where the amounts are reasonable equivalent in value to the interfund services provided and other. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

D. Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the District's funds, including its fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The District reports the following governmental funds:

General Fund

The general fund is the District's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund. The general fund is always considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Debt Service Fund

The debt service fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for principal and interest on all long-term debt of the District. The primary source of revenue for debt service is local property taxes. The debt service fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Capital Projects Fund

The capital projects fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed, or assigned to expenditures for capital outlay, including the acquisition or construction of capital facilities and other capital assets. The capital projects fund is considered a major fund for reporting purposes.

Special Revenue Funds

The special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted to expenditures for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects. The restricted proceeds of specific revenue sources comprise a substantial portion of the inflows of these special revenue funds. Most federal and some state financial assistance is accounted for in a special revenue fund.

Permanent Funds

The permanent funds are governmental funds that are used to account for and report resources that are restricted to the extent that only earnings, and not principal, may be used for purposes that support the reporting government's programs. The District uses these funds for scholarships.

Proprietary Funds

Proprietary funds are used to account for activities that are similar to those often found in the private sector. The measurement focus is on determination of net income, financial position, and cash flows. Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues include charges for services. Operating expenses includes costs of material, contracts, personnel, and depreciation. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The proprietary fund type used by the District includes the following:

Internal Service Funds

These funds are used to account for, and report revenue and expenses related to services provided to parties inside the District on a cost-reimbursement basis. These funds facilitate distribution of support costs to the users of support services on a cost-reimbursement basis. Because the principal users of the internal service fund are the District's governmental activities, this fund type is included in the "Governmental Activities" column of the governmental-wide financial statements.

Fiduciary Funds

The fiduciary funds account for assets held by the District in a trustee capacity or as an agent on behalf of others. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the District's own programs.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The District has the following type of fiduciary funds:

Agency Funds

The agency funds are custodial in nature and do not present results of operations or have a measurement focus. Agency funds are accounted for using the accrual basis of accounting. These funds are used to account for the District's student activity funds.

During the course of operations, the District has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Balances between the funds included in governmental activities (i.e., the governmental and internal service funds) are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as internal balances in the governmental activities column.

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements, these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, certain eliminations are made in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements. Transfers between the funds included in governmental activities are eliminated so that only the net amount is included as transfers in the governmental activities column.

E. Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The government-wide, proprietary fund, and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the District considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Property taxes and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Entitlements are recorded as revenues when all eligibility requirements are met, including any time requirements, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year end). Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for the revenue source (within 60 days of year end). All other revenue items are considered measurable and available only when cash is received by the District.

F. Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

2. Investments

Investments, except for certain investment pools, commercial paper, money market funds, and investment contracts, are reported at fair value. The investment pools operate in accordance with appropriate state laws and regulations and are reported at amortized cost. Money market funds, which are short-term highly liquid debt instruments that may include U.S. Treasury and agency obligations and commercial paper that have a remaining maturity of one year or less upon acquisition, are reported at amortized cost. Investments in nonparticipating interest earning contracts, such as certificates of deposit, are reported at cost.

The District has adopted a written investment policy regarding the investment of its funds as defined in the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Governmental Code. In summary, the District is authorized to invest in the following:

Direct obligations of the U.S. Government Fully collateralized certificates of deposit and money market accounts Government investment pools and commercial paper

3. Inventories and Prepaid Items

The costs of governmental fund type inventories are recorded as expenditures when the related liability is incurred (i.e., the purchase method). Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to the future accounting period (prepaid expenditures) are recognized as expenditures when utilized.

4. Restricted Assets

Certain proceeds of bonds, as well as other resources set aside for specific purposes, are classified as restricted assets on the balance sheet because their use is limited by applicable bond covenants or contractual agreements.

5. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, buildings, furniture, and equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of two years. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at acquisition value at the date of donation. Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Estimated
Asset Description	Useful Life
Infrastructure	30 years
Buildings and improvements	20 to 50 years
Vehicles	2 to 15 years
Furniture and equipment	3 to 15 years

6. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Deferred outflows/inflows of resources are amortized as follows:

- Deferred outflows/inflows from pension/other postemployment benefits (OPEB) activities are amortized
 over the average of the expected service lives of pension/OPEB plan members, except for the net
 differences between the projected and actual investment earnings on the pension/OPEB plan assets,
 which are amortized over a period of five years.
- For employer pension/OPEB plan contributions that were made subsequent to the measurement date
 through the end of the District's fiscal year, the amount is deferred and recognized as a reduction to
 the net pension/OPEB liability during the measurement period in which the contributions were made.
- A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and
 its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the
 refunded or refunding debt.

At the fund level, the District has only one type of item, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting, that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, the item, *unavailable revenue*, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from property taxes. This amount is deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amount becomes available.

7. Receivable and Payables Balances

The District believes that sufficient detail of receivable and payable balances is provided in the financial statements to avoid the obscuring of significant components by aggregation. Therefore, no disclosure is provided which disaggregates those balances.

There are no significant receivables which are not scheduled for collection within one year of year end.

8. Interfund Activity

Interfund activity results from loans, services provided, reimbursements, or transfers between funds. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables as appropriate and are subject to elimination upon consolidations. Services provided, deemed to be at market or near market rates, are treated as revenues and expenditures or expenses. Reimbursements occur when one fund incurs a cost, charges the appropriate benefiting fund, and reduces its related cost as a reimbursement. All other interfund transactions are treated as transfers. Transfers In and Transfers Out are netted and presented as a single "Transfers" line on the government-wide Statement of Activities. Similarly, interfund receivables and payables are netted and presented as a single "Internal Balances" line of the government-wide Statement of Net Position.

9. Long-Term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities Statement of Net Position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the effective interest method, if material. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount.

Long-term debt for governmental funds is not reported as a liability in the fund financial statements until due. The debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources, net of the applicable premium or discount and payment of principal and interest reported as expenditures. In the governmental fund types, issuance costs, even if withheld from the actual net proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures. However, claims and judgments paid from governmental funds are reported as a liability in the fund financial statements only for the portion expected to be financed from expendable, available financial resources.

The property tax rate is allocated each year between the general and debt service funds. The full amount estimated to be required for debt service on general obligation debt is provided by the tax along with the interest earned in the debt service fund.

10. Fund Balance Policies

Fund balances of governmental funds are reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The District itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts that cannot be spent because they are either not in spendable form or legally or contractually required to be maintained intact are classified as nonspendable fund balance. Amounts that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or imposed by law through constitutional provisions are classified as restricted fund balance.

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision-making authority. The District's Board is the highest level of decision-making authority for the District that can, by adoption of an ordinance prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the ordinance remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another ordinance) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. The District's Board may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

11. Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted net position and unrestricted net position in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted net position to have been depleted before unrestricted net position is applied.

The Foundation reports gifts of cash and other assets as restricted support if they are received with donor stipulations that limit the use of the donated assets. When a donor restriction expires, which is when a stipulated time restriction ends or purpose restriction is accomplished, temporarily or permanently restricted net position is reclassified to unrestricted net position. The Foundation's Board of Directors has established an investment account to accumulate funds to be held in perpetuity, along with any earnings from the investment account, to support the Foundation at management's discretion.

12. Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the District will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the District's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

13. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements, in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles, requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

14. Data Control Codes

The data control codes refer to the account code structure prescribed by TEA in the Resource Guide. The TEA requires school districts to display these codes in the financial statements filed with the TEA in order to insure accuracy in building a statewide database for policy development and funding plans.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

15. Pensions

The fiduciary net position of the Teacher Retirement System of Texas (TRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net pension liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions, pension expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

16. Other Postemployment Benefits

The fiduciary net position of the TRS Texas Public School Retired Employees Insurance Group Program ("TRS-Care") has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and full accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, OPEB expense, and information about assets, liabilities, and additions to/deductions from TRS-Care's fiduciary net position. Benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. There are no investments as this is a pay-as-you-go plan and all cash is held in a cash account.

G. Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

1. Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions (including special assessments) that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. All taxes, including those dedicated for specific purposes, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

2. Property Taxes

All taxes due to the District on real or personal property are payable at the Office of the Tax Assessor-Collector and may be paid at any time after the tax rolls for the year have been completed and approved, which is no later than October 1. Taxes are due by January 31, and all taxes not paid prior to this date are deemed delinquent and are subject to such penalty and interest.

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1 each year. Taxes are levied on October 1 and are payable prior to the next February 1. District property tax revenues are recognized when collected.

II. STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with GAAP. The original budget is adopted by the District prior to the beginning of the year. The legal level of control is the function code stated in the approved budget. Appropriations lapse at the end of the year, excluding capital project budgets.

In accordance with State law and generally accepted accounting standards, the District prepares an annual budget for the general fund, the national school lunch and breakfast program special revenue fund, and the debt service fund. The District budgets the capital projects fund for each *project*, which normally covers multiple years. Special revenue funds have budgets approved by the funding agency and are amended throughout the year as required.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

During the year, the District amended its budget as required by State law and to reflect current levels of revenue and anticipated expenditures. There were material changes between the original budget and the final amended budget, including an increase in expenses of approximately \$5 million.

III. DETAILED NOTES ON ALL FUNDS

A. Deposits and Investments

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of a depository contract. The depository bank deposits for safekeeping and trust with the District's agent bank approved pledged securities in an amount sufficient to protect District funds on a day-to-day basis during the period of the contract. The pledge of approved securities is waived only to the extent of the depository bank's dollar amount of Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance.

1. Cash Deposits

At June 30, 2020, the carrying amount of the District's deposits (cash, certificates of deposit, and interest-bearing savings accounts included in temporary investments) was \$1,212,713 and the bank balance was \$1,635,462. The District's cash deposits at June 30, 2020, and during the year ended June 30, 2020, were entirely covered by FDIC insurance or by pledged collateral held by the District's agent bank in the District's name.

The Foundation's cash and cash equivalents are held in one financial institution and cash balances of up to \$250,000 are secured by the FDIC. As of December 31, 2019, the Foundation's cash balance was \$1,327 and the carrying balance was \$1,327.

2. Investments

The District is required by Government Code Chapter 2256, the Public Funds Investment Act (the "Act"), to adopt, implement, and publicize an investment policy. That policy must address the following areas: (1) safety of principal and liquidity, (2) portfolio diversification, (3) allowable investments, (4) acceptable risk levels, (5) expected rates of return, (6) maximum allowable stated maturity of portfolio investments, (7) maximum average dollar-weighted maturity allowed based on the stated maturity date for the portfolio, (8) investment staff quality and capabilities, and (9) bid solicitation preferences for certificates of deposit.

The Act requires an annual audit of investment practices. Audit procedures in this area conducted as a part of the audit of the basic financial statements disclosed that in the areas of investment practices, management reports, and establishment of appropriate policies, the District adhered to the requirements of the Act. Additionally, investment practices of the District were in accordance with local policies.

The Act determines the types of investments which are allowable for the District. These include, with certain restrictions: 1) obligations of the U.S. Treasury, U.S. agencies, and the State of Texas; 2) certificates of deposit; 3) certain municipal securities; 4) securities lending program; 5) repurchase agreements; 6) bankers' acceptances; 7) mutual funds; 8) investment pools; 9) guaranteed investment contracts; and 10) commercial paper.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

As of June 30, 2020, the District had the following investments:

Weighted Average

Investment Type	Fair Value	Ratings *	Maturity (Days)		
Frost Bank - Federal Agency Coupons	\$ 11,230,632	AA+	0.12		
External investment pools:					
Lone Star	31,822,467	AAAm	0.12		
TexPool	1,602,515	AAAm	0.23		
Texas TERM	160,535	AAAm	0.00		
Total Value	\$ 44,816,149				
Portfolio weighted average maturity			0.13		
* Rated by Standard and Poor's Investor Services					

The Foundation's investment at December 31, 2019 is shown below:

			Weighted Average
Investment Type	Fair Value	Ratings *	Maturity (Days)
Frost Bank - Investment Securities	\$ 1,409,338	AAA	0.12
Total Value	\$ 1,409,338		

^{*} Rated by Standard and Poor's Investor Services

Interest rate risk. In accordance with its investment policy, the District manages its exposure to declines in fair values by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations and invest operating funds primarily in short-term securities.

Credit risk. The District's policy requires that investment pools must be rated no lower than 'AAA' or 'AAA-m'. Bankers' acceptances must be issued in the United States and carry a rating of 'A1'/'P1' as provided by two of the top nationally recognized rating agencies. As of June 30, 2020, the District's investments in Lone Star, TexPool, and Texas TERM were rated 'AAAm' by Standard & Poor's. All other investments are guaranteed (either express or implied) by the full faith and credit of the United States Government or the issuing U.S. agency.

Custodial credit risk – deposits. In the case of deposits, this is the risk that the District's deposits may not be returned in the event of a bank failure. The District's investment policy requires funds on deposit at the depository bank to be collateralized by securities. As of June 30, 2020, fair market values of pledged securities and FDIC coverage exceeded bank balances.

Custodial credit risk – investments. For an investment, this is the risk that the District will not be able to recover the value of its investments or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party in the event of the failure of the counterparty. The District's investment policy requires that it will seek to safekeep securities at financial institutions, avoiding physical possession. Further, all trades, where applicable, shall be conducted on a delivery versus payment basis or commercial book entry system as utilized by the Federal Reserve and shall be protected through the use of a third-party custody/safekeeping agent.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Lone Star

The Lone Star Investment Pool ("Lone Star") is a public funds investment pool created pursuant to the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256 of the Texas Government Code. Lone Star is administered by First Public, a subsidiary of the Texas Association of School Boards, with Standish and American Beacon Advisors managing the investment and reinvestment of Lone Star's assets. State Street Bank provides custody and valuation services to Lone Star. All of the Board of Trustees' eleven members are Lone Star participants by either being employees or elected officials of a participant. Lone Star has established an advisory board composed of both Lone Star members and nonmembers. Lone Star is rated 'AAAm' by Standard and Poor's and operated in a manner consistent with the SEC's Rule 2a7 of the Investment Company Act of 1940. The District is invested in the Government Overnight Fund of Lone Star which seeks to maintain a net asset value of \$1.00. Lone Star has 3 different funds: Government Overnight, and Corporate Overnight Plus. Government Overnight, Corporate Overnight Plus maintain a net asset value of \$1.00.

TexPool

TexPool was established as a trust company with the Treasurer of the State of Texas as trustee, segregated from all other trustees, investments, and activities of the trust company. The State Comptroller of Public Accounts exercises oversight responsibility over TexPool. Oversight includes the ability to significantly influence operations, designation of management, and accountability for fiscal matters. Additionally, the State Comptroller has established an advisory board composed of both participants in TexPool and other persons who do not have a business relationship with TexPool. The advisory board members review the investment policy and management fee structure. Finally, Standard & Poor's rates TexPool 'AAAm'. As a requirement to maintain the rating, weekly portfolio information must be submitted to Standard & Poor's, as well as to the office of the Comptroller of Public Accounts for review.

TexPool is an external investment pool measured at amortized cost. In order to meet the criteria to be recorded at amortized cost, TexPool must transact at a stable net asset value per share and maintain certain maturity, quality, liquidity, and diversification requirements within TexPool. TexPool transacts at a net asset value of \$1.00 per share, has weighted average maturities of 60 days or less, and weighted average lives of 120 days or less. Investments held are highly rated by nationally recognized statistical rating organizations, have no more than five percent of portfolio with one issuer (excluding U.S. government securities), and can meet reasonably foreseeable redemptions. TexPool has a redemption notice period of one day and may redeem daily. TexPool's authority may only impose restrictions on redemptions in the event of a general suspension of trading on major securities markets, general banking moratorium, or national state of emergency that affects TexPool's liquidity.

TexasTERM

The Texas Term Local Government Investment Pool (TexasTERM) is a local government investment pool organized under the authority of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791, Texas Government Code, and the Public Funds Investment Act, Chapter 2256, Texas Government Code. TexasTERM is administered by PFM Asset Management LLC, which also serves as the investment advisor. The reported value of TexasTERM is the same as the fair value of TexasTERM shares. Investment options include TexasDAILY, a money market portfolio, which is rated "AAAm" by Standard and Poor's and TexasTERM CD Purchase Program, a fixed rate, fixed-term investment option enabling investors to invest in FDIC-insured certificates of deposit from banks throughout the United States.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

B. Capital Assets

A summary of changes in capital assets for governmental activities at year end is as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Beginning Balances		Increases	(Decreases)		Ending Balances
Capital assets not being depreciated:						200.00000		24.4.1000
Land	\$	20,184,684	\$	5,000	\$	_	\$	20,189,684
Construction in progress	*	93,782,936	Ψ	16,404,018	*	(97,568,143)	Ψ	12,618,811
Total capital assets not being depreciated		113,967,620		16,409,018		(97,568,143)		32,808,495
Other capital assets:								
Buildings and improvements		267,488,913		93,907,259		-		361,396,172
Furniture and equipment		8,615,164		2,044,514		-		10,659,678
Vehicles		6,972,662		474,632		(69,914)		7,377,380
Infrastructure		26,930,326		2,663,700		· -		29,594,026
Total other capital assets		310,007,065		99,090,105		(69,914)		409,027,256
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Buildings and improvements		(48,864,029)		(6,333,052)		-		(55,197,081)
Furniture and equipment		(5,071,595)		(572,739)		-		(5,644,334)
Vehicles		(3,501,683)		(412,724)		69,914		(3,844,493)
Infrastructure		(17,106,934)		(1,251,879)				(18,358,813)
Total accumulated depreciation		(74,544,241)		(8,570,394)		69,914		(83,044,721)
Other capital assets, net		235,462,824		90,519,711		-		325,982,535
Governmental Activities Capital Assets, Net	\$	349,430,444	\$	106,928,729	\$	(97,568,143)	\$	358,791,030

Depreciation was charged to governmental functions as follows:

		G	overnmental
			Activities
11	Instruction	\$	\$4,436,831
12	Instructional resources/media services		\$105,992
13	Curriculum and staff development		\$77,328
23	School leadership		\$371,998
31	Guidance, counseling, and evaluation services		\$232,499
33	Health services		\$92,999
34	Student (pupil) transportation		\$416,190
35	Food service		\$368,158
36	Extracurricular activities		\$933,022
41	General administration		\$65,629
51	Plant maintenance and operations		\$995,882
52	Security and monitoring services		\$80,001
53	Data processing services		\$393,865
	Total Depreciation Expense	\$	8,570,394

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

C. Long-Term Debt

The following is a summary of changes in the District's total governmental long-term liabilities for the year. In general, the District uses the debt service fund to liquidate governmental long-term liabilities.

Governmental Activities:		Original Issue		Beginning Balance		Additions	(Reductions)	 Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year
Bonds payable:											
Series 1999 - 4.00%-5.00%	\$	38,597,407	\$	5,018,035	\$	-	\$	(1,113,583)	\$ 3,904,452	\$	1,059,051
Series 2002 - 3.50%-5.00%		7,736,757		116,757		-		(31,555)	85,202		26,583
Series 2011 - 1.69%-3.31%		8,949,994		5,940,000		-		(5,940,000)	-		-
Series 2012 - 1.60%-5.00%		61,557,620		43,422,620		-		(43,422,620)	-		-
Series 2013 - 3.00%-5.00%		98,025,000		93,070,000		-		(700,000)	92,370,000		770,000
Series 2014 - 0.60%-3.55%		8,854,992		8,284,993		-		(80,000)	8,204,993		85,000
Series 2015 - 2.69%		5,380,000		4,500,000		-		(465,000)	4,035,000		475,000
Series 2016 - 2.00%-5.00%		81,545,000		79,470,000		-		(700,000)	78,770,000		725,000
Series 2017 - 3.00%-5.00%		81,215,000		81,015,000		-		(100,000)	80,915,000		180,000
Series 2019 - 5.00%		40,980,000		-		40,980,000		-	40,980,000		3,865,000
Note payable:											
Series 2015 - 0.50%-2.25%		1,500,000		950,000		-		(150,000)	800,000		155,000
		434,341,771		321,787,405		40,980,000		(52,702,758)	310,064,647	\$	7,340,634
Other liabilities:								, ,			
Issuance premiums/discount		-		19,087,116		7,736,082		(6,195,261)	20,627,937	ŧ	-
Accreted interest		-		13,075,471		-		(1,589,307)	11,486,164	ŧ	-
Net pension liability		_		22,010,814		-		(496,675)	21,514,139		-
Net OPEB liability		_		28,534,482		-		(201,053)	28,333,429		-
Total Governmental								, , , ,			
Activities	\$	434,341,771	\$	404,495,288	\$	48,716,082	\$	(61,185,054)	\$ 392,026,316	\$	7,340,634
Long-term liabilities due in more than one year								\$ 384,685,682			
						*Debt associate	ed wit	h capital assets	\$ 342,178,748		

Long-term liabilities applicable to the District's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and, accordingly, are not reported as fund liabilities in the governmental funds. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. Interest expense was \$15,399,730 for the year ended June 30, 2020.

The annual requirements to amortize debt issues outstanding at year end were as follows:

Bonds Payable

Year Ended					Total		
June 30	Principal		 Interest		Requirements		
2021	\$	7,185,634	\$ 16,033,520	\$	23,219,154		
2022		8,187,447	15,836,693		24,024,140		
2023		4,756,237	15,564,045		20,320,282		
2024		4,130,336	15,455,799		19,586,135		
2025		8,155,000	12,377,338		20,532,338		
2026-2030		43,404,993	57,236,149		100,641,142		
2031-2035		58,650,000	45,115,312		103,765,312		
2036-2040		60,035,000	31,976,200		92,011,200		
2041-2045		71,090,000	17,304,800		88,394,800		
2046-2048		43,670,000	 3,257,600		46,927,600		
	\$	309,264,647	\$ 230,157,456	\$	539,422,103		
		-					

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Note Payable

Year Ended						Total	
June 30	F	Principal		Interest	Requirements		
2021	\$	155,000	\$	15,110	\$	170,110	
2022		160,000		12,769		172,769	
2023		165,000		10,113		175,113	
2024		170,000		6,945		176,945	
2025		150,000		3,375		153,375	
	\$	800,000	\$	48,312	\$	848,312	

Current Refunding of Debt

The District issued \$40,980,000 of unlimited tax refunding bonds, Series 2019 to provide resources to defease a portion of the Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011 and Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012 on the call date of February 1, 2020.

Bond Issue	_	Amount
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2011	\$	5,050,000
Unlimited Tax Refunding Bonds, Series 2012		42,950,158
Total	\$	48,000,158

As a result, the refunded portion of the bonds is considered to be defeased and the pro-rata portion of the liability has been removed from the applicable governmental columns in the Statement of Net Position. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain of \$6,956,008 and a reduction of \$7,949,742 in future debt payments. At June 30, 2020, \$48,000,158 was considered defeased relating to the 2019 refunding.

D. Commitments Under Noncapitalized Leases

The District has various operating lease agreements where the future minimum payments are immaterial to the operations of the District and, accordingly, the District has elected not to disclose future payments by fiscal year.

E. Interfund Transactions

The interfund balances and transfers at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Due to Fund	Due from Fund			Amount
General Fund	Special Revenue Fund	_	\$	106,847
General Fund	Trust and Agency Fund			787
Internal Service Fund	General Fund			361,735
Internal Service Fund	Capital Projects Fund			1,810
Internal Service Fund	Special Revenue Fund			4,421
Special Revenue Fund	General Fund			39,381
Special Revenue Fund	Special Revenue Fund			1,696,268
Special Revenue Fund	Trust and Agency Fund			495
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund			643,041
Capital Projects Fund	Trust and Agency Fund			14,415
Trust and Agency Fund	Capital Projects Fund			2,000
Trust and Agency Fund	Special Revenue Fund		_	39,667
		Total	\$	2,910,867

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Amounts recorded as due to/from are considered to be temporary loans and will be repaid during the following year.

Transfers From	Transfers To	_	Amount	Reason
General Fund	Capital Projects Fund	\$	7,825	To supplement revenue
Special Revenue Fund	Special Revenue Fund		7,246	To supplement revenue
Capital Projects Fund	General Fund		1,258,764	To supplement revenue
	Total	\$	1,273,835	

IV. OTHER INFORMATION

A. Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; and natural disasters for which the District purchases commercial insurance. The District has not significantly reduced insurance coverage or had settlements which exceeded coverage amounts for the past three years.

B. Contingent Liabilities

Amounts received or receivable from granting agencies are subject to audit and adjustment by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount of expenditures which may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time although the District expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

Liabilities are reported when it is probable that a loss has occurred and the amount of the loss can be reasonably estimated. Liabilities include an amount for claims that have been incurred but not reported. Claim liabilities are calculated considering the effects of inflation, recent claim settlement trends including frequency and amount of payouts, and other economic and social factors. No claim liabilities are reported at year end.

The Tax Reform Act of 1986 instituted certain arbitrage restrictions consisting of complex regulations with respect to issuance of tax-exempt bonds after August 31, 1986. Arbitrage regulations deal with the investment of tax-exempt bond proceeds at an interest yield greater than the interest yield paid to bondholders. Generally, all interest paid to bondholders can be retroactively rendered taxable if applicable rebates are not reported and paid to the Internal Revenue Service (IRS) at least every five years for applicable bond issues. Accordingly, there is the risk that if such calculations are not performed, or not performed correctly, it could result in a substantial liability to the District. The District has engaged an arbitrage consultant to perform the calculations in accordance with IRS rules and regulations.

C. Defined Benefit Pension Plan

Teacher Retirement System

Plan Description

The District participates in a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension that has a special funding situation. The plan is administered by TRS. It is a defined benefit pension plan established and administered in accordance with the Texas Constitution, Article XVI, Section 67 and Texas Government Code, Title 8, Subtitle C. The pension trust fund is a qualified pension trust under Section 401(a) of the Internal Revenue Code. The Texas Legislature establishes benefits and contribution rates within the guidelines of the Texas Constitution. TRS's Board of Trustees does not have the authority to establish or amend benefit terms.

All employees of public, state-supported educational institutions in Texas who are employed for one-half or more of the standard workload and who are not exempted from membership under Texas Government Code, Title 8, Section 822.002 are covered by TRS.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about TRS's fiduciary net position is available in a separately issued Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and Required Supplementary Information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://trs.texas.gov/TRS%20Documents/cafr2019.pdf, selecting About TRS, then Publications, then Financial Reports or by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698.

Benefits Provided

TRS provides service and disability retirement, as well as death and survivor benefits, to eligible employees (and their beneficiaries) of public and higher education in Texas. The pension formula is calculated using 2.3% (multiplier) times the average of the five highest annual creditable salaries times years of credited service to arrive at the annual standard annuity except for members who are grandfathered, the three highest annual salaries are used. The normal service retirement is at age 65 with 5 years of credited service or when the sum of the member's age and years of credited service equals 80 or more years. Early retirement is at age 55 with 5 years of service credit or earlier than 55 with 30 years of service credit. There are additional provisions for early retirement if the sum of the member's age and years of service credit total at least 80, but the member is less than age 60 or 62 depending on date of employment, or if the member was grandfathered in under a previous rule. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost-of-living adjustments (COLAs). Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes, including ad hoc COLAs can be granted by the Texas Legislature as noted in the Plan Description above.

Texas Government Code section 821.006 prohibits benefit improvements if, as a result of the particular action, the time required to amortize TRS' unfunded actuarial liabilities would be increased to a period that exceeds 31 years or, if the amortization period already exceeds 31 years, the period would be increased by such action.

In May 2019, the 86th Texas Legislature approved the TRS Pension Reform Bill (SB12) that provides for gradual contribution increase from the State, participating employers, and active employees to make TRS actuarially sound. This action causing TRS to be actuarially sound allowed the legislature to approve funding for a thirteenth check in September 2019. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 received an extra annuity check in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity or \$2,000, whichever was less.

Contributions

Contribution requirements are established or amended pursuant to Article 16, section 67 of the Texas Constitution which requires the Texas legislature to establish a member contribution rate of not less than 6% of the member's annual compensation and a state contribution rate of not less than 6% and not more than 10% of the aggregate annual compensation paid to members of TRS during the fiscal year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Employee contribution rates are set in state statute, Texas Government Code 825.402. SB12 of the 86th Texas Legislature amended Texas Government Code 825.402 for member contributions and increased employee and employer contribution rates for fiscal years 2020 through 2025.

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1.0	ntri	hiit	ınn	Rates

		Public Education	Active
Fiscal Year	State	Employer*	Employee
2019	6.80%	1.50%	7.70%
2020	7.50%	1.50%	7.70%
2021	7.50%	1.60%	7.70%
2022	7.75%	1.70%	8.00%
2023	8.00%	1.80%	8.00%
2024	8.25%	1.90%	8.25%
2025	8.25%	2.00%	8.25%

*SB 12 requires an increase in employer contributions by public school districts, charter schools, and regional education service centers. Prior to SB12, only those employers not participating in Social Security were required to pay a 1.5% contribution. Beginning September 1, 2019, all employers are required to pay the Public Education Employer Contribution irrespective of participation in Social Security.

	Contribution Rates			
	2019	2020		
Member	7.7%	7.7%		
NECE (State)	6.8%	6.8%		
Employers	6.8%	6.8%		

	Measurement Year (2019)			Fiscal Year (2020)
Employer contributions	\$	1,448,587	\$	1,599,407
Member contributions	\$	4,094,849	\$	4,574,690
NECE on-behalf contributions	\$	2,813,385	\$	3,591,947

Contributors to TRS include members, employers, and the State as the only non-employer contributing entity (NECE). The State is the employer for senior colleges, medical schools, and state agencies, including TRS. In each respective role, the State contributes to TRS in accordance with state statutes and the General Appropriations Act.

As the NECE for public education and junior colleges, the State contributes to TRS an amount equal to the current employer contribution rate times the aggregate annual compensation of all participating members of TRS during that fiscal year reduced by the amounts described below, which are paid by the employers. Employers (public school, junior college, other entities, or the State as the employer for senior universities and medical schools) are required to pay the employer contribution rate in the following instances:

- On the portion of the member's salary that exceeds the statutory minimum for members entitled to the statutory minimum under Section 21.402 of the Texas Education Code.
- During a new member's first 90 days of employment.
- When any part or all of an employee's salary is paid by federal funding sources, a privately sponsored source, from non-educational, and general or local funds.
- When the employing district is a public junior college or junior college district, the employer shall contribute to TRS an amount equal to 50% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

When the employing district is a public or charter school, the employer shall contribute 1.5% of covered
payroll to TRS beginning in fiscal year 2020. This contribution rate, called the Public Education Employer
Contribution (PEEC), will replace the Non-Federal Old-Age, Survivors, and Disability Insurance (OASDI)
Program surcharge that was in effect in fiscal year 2019.

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there are two additional surcharges to which an employer is subject:

- When employing a retiree of TRS, the employer shall pay both the member contribution and the state contribution as an employment after retirement surcharge.
- When a school district or charter school does not contribute to the OASDI Program for certain employees, they must contribute 1.5% of the state contribution rate for certain instructional or administrative employees and 100% of the state contribution rate for all other employees. This surcharge was in effect through fiscal year 2019 and was replaced by the PEEC explained above.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability (TPL) in the August 31, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation date
Actuarial cost method
Asset valuation method
Single discount rate
Long-term expected investment rate of return
Municipal bond rate

August 31, 2018 rolled forward to August 31, 2019 Individual entry age normal Market value 7.25% 7.25%

2.63%. Source for the rate is the Fixed Income Market Data/Yield Curve/Data Municipal Bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-Year Municipal GO AA Index."

Last year ending August 31 in projection period (100 years)
Inflation
Salary increases including inflation
Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes

2.30%

3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation None

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The actuarial methods and assumptions used in the determination of the TPL are the same assumptions used in the actuarial valuation as of ending August 31, 2018. For a full description of these assumptions, please see the TRS actuarial valuation report dated November 9, 2018.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 7.25% was used to measure the TPL. The single discount rate was based on the expected rate of return on plan investments of 7.25%. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that contributions from active members, employers, and the NECE will be made at the rates set by the legislature during the 2019 session. It is assumed that future employer and state contributions will be 8.50% of payroll in fiscal year 2020 gradually increasing to 9.55% of payroll over the next several years. This includes all employer and state contributions for active and rehired retirees.

Based on those assumptions, TRS' fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the TPL.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments is 7.25%. The long-term expected rate of return on TRS investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimates ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class included in TRS' target asset allocation as of August 31, 2019 are summarized below:

Teacher Retirement System of Texas Asset Allocation and Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return As of August 31, 2019

Asset Class	Fiscal Year 2019 Target Allocation (1)	New Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Geometric Real Rate of Return (3)
Global Equity			
U.S.	18.0%	18.0%	6.4%
Non-U.S. Developed	13.0%	13.0%	6.3%
Emerging Markets	9.0%	9.0%	7.3%
Directional Hedge Funds	4.0%	-	-
Private Equity	13.0%	14.0%	8.4%
Stable Value			
U.S. Treasuries (4)	11.0%	16.0%	3.1%
Stable Value Hedge Funds	4.0%	5.0%	4.5%
Absolute Return	-	-	-
Real Return			
Global Inflation-Linked Bonds (4)	3.0%	-	-
Real Estate	14.0%	15.0%	8.5%
Energy, Natural Resources, and Infrastructure	5.0%	6.0%	7.3%
Commodities	-	-	-
Risk Parity			
Risk Parity	5.0%	8.0%	5.8% / 6.5% (5)
Leverage			. ,
Cash	1.0%	2.0%	2.5%
Asset Allocation Leverage	-	-6.0%	2.7%
Expected Return	100.0%	100.0%	7.2%

⁽¹⁾ Target allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation as of fiscal year 2019.

⁽²⁾ New allocations are based on the Strategic Asset Allocation to be implemented fiscal year 2020.

⁽³⁾ Ten-year annualized geometric nominal returns include the real rate of return and inflation of 2.1%.

⁽⁴⁾ New Target Allocation groups Government Bonds within the stable value allocation. This includes global sovereign nominal and inflation-linked bonds.

^{(5) 5.8% (6.5%)} return expectation corresponds to Risk Parity with a 10% (12%) target volatility.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis

The following schedule shows the impact of the net pension liability (NPL) if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used (7.25%) in measuring the NPL:

	1% Decrease in			1% Increase in		
	Discount Rate		Discount Rate		Di	iscount Rate
		(6.25%)		(7.25%)		(8.25%)
District's proportionate share of the NPL	\$	33,070,358	\$	21,514,139	\$	12,151,372

Pension Liability, Pension Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$21,514,139 for its proportionate share of the TRS's NPL. This liability reflects a reduction for State pension support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the NPL, the related State support, and the total portion of the NPL that was associated with the District were as follows:

District's proportionate share of the collective net pension liability	\$ 21,514,139
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District	 41,785,626
Total	\$ 63,299,765

The NPL was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the TPL used to calculate the NPL was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the NPL was based on the District's contributions to TRS relative to the contributions of all employers to TRS for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion of the collective NPL was 0.0413868%, which was an increase of 0.0013980% from its proportion measured as of August 31, 2019.

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

- The single discount rate as of August 31, 2018 was a blended rate of 6.907% and that has changed to the long-term rate of return of 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.
- With the enactment of Senate Bill 3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made
 about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will each receive
 a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on the
 actuarial assumptions.
- The Texas legislature approved funding for a thirteenth check. All eligible members retired as of December 31, 2018 will receive an extra annuity check in September 2019 in either the matching amount of their monthly annuity payment or \$2,000, whichever is less.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized pension expense of \$6,563,933 and revenue of \$6,563,933 for support provided by the State.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of the TRS's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

		Deferred Outflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual economic experience	\$		\$
Changes in actuarial assumptions		6,674,743	(2,758,319)
Difference between projected and actual investment earnings		216,027	-
Changes in proportion and difference between the employer's			
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions		2,018,684	(271)
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date		1,366,310	-
Tot	al \$	10,366,143	\$ (3,505,595)

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Pension		
June 30		Expense	
2021	\$	1,438,123	
2022		1,180,175	
2023		1,338,089	
2024		1,250,012	
2025		455,839	
Thereafter		(168,000)	
Total	\$	5,494,238	

D. Defined Other Postemployment Benefit Plan

Plan Description

The District participates in TRS-Care. It is a multiple-employer, cost-sharing defined benefit OPEB plan that has a special funding situation. TRS-Care is administered through a trust by the TRS Board of Trustees (the "Board"). It is established and administered in accordance with the Texas Insurance Code, Chapter 1575.

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the TRS-Care's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued TRS Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that includes financial statements and Required Supplementary Information. That report may be obtained on the Internet at https://www.trs.texas.gov/Pages/about_archive_cafr.aspx; by writing to TRS at 1000 Red River Street, Austin, TX, 78701-2698; or by calling (512)542-6592.

Components of the net OPEB liability of TRS-Care as of August 31, 2019 are as follows:

Total OPEB liability		\$ 48,583,247,239
Less: plan fiduciary net position		 1,292,022,349
	Net OPEB Liability	\$ 47,291,224,890
Net position as a percentage of total OP	PEB liability	2.66%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Benefits Provided

TRS-Care provides a basic health insurance coverage, TRS-Care 1 (the "Basic Plan"), at no cost to all retirees from public schools, charter schools, regional education service centers, and other educational districts who are members of TRS. Optional dependent coverage is available for an additional fee.

Eligible retirees and their dependents not enrolled in Medicare may pay premiums to participate in one of two optional insurance plans with more comprehensive benefits, TRS-Care 2 and TRS-Care 3 (the "Optional Health Insurance"). Eligible retirees and dependents enrolled in Medicare may elect to participate in one of the two Medicare health plans for an additional fee. To qualify for TRS-Care coverage, a retiree must have at least ten years of service credit in TRS. The Board is granted the authority to establish basic and optional group insurance coverage for participants, as well as to amend benefit terms as needed under Chapter 1575.052. There are no automatic postemployment benefit changes, including automatic cost-of-living adjustments.

The premium rates for the Optional Health Insurance are based on years of service of the member. The schedule below shows the monthly rates for a retiree with and without Medicare coverage:

TRS-Care Monthly Premium Rates

The same meaning transmissions									
	M	edicare	Non-Medicare						
Retiree*	\$	135	\$	200					
Retiree and spouse	\$	529	\$	689					
Retiree* and children	\$	468	\$	408					
Retiree and family *or surviving spouse	\$	1,020	\$	999					

Contributions

Contribution rates for TRS-Care are established in state statute by the Texas Legislature and there is no continuing obligation to provide benefits beyond each fiscal year. TRS-Care is currently funded on a pay-as-you-go basis and is subject to change based on available funding. Funding for TRS-Care is provided by retiree premium contributions and contributions from the State, active employees, and school districts based upon public school district payroll. The TRS Board does not have the authority to set or amend contribution rates.

Texas Insurance Code, section 1575.202 establishes the State's contribution rate, which is 1.25% of the employee's salary. Section 1575.203 establishes the active employee's rate, which is 0.75% of pay. Section 1575.204 establishes an employer contribution rate of not less than 0.25% or not more than 0.75% of the salary of each active employee of the public. The actual employer contribution rate is prescribed by the Legislature in the General Appropriations Act. The following table shows contributions to TRS-Care by type of contributor:

Contribution Rates

	Fiscal Y	ear
	2019	2020
Active employee	0.65%	0.65%
NECE (State)	1.25%	1.25%
Employers	0.75%	0.75%
Federal/private funding remitted by employers	1.25%	1.25%

	Measurement		Fiscal		
	Ye	ear (2019)	Year (2020)		
Employer contributions	\$	425,214	\$	466,914	
Member contributions	\$	175,359	\$	193,088	
NECE on-behalf contributions	\$	564,980	\$	742,644	

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

In addition to the employer contributions listed above, there is an additional surcharge to which all TRS employers are subject (regardless of whether or not they participate in TRS-Care). When hiring a TRS retiree, employers are required to pay TRS-Care a monthly surcharge of \$535 per retiree.

TRS-Care received supplemental appropriations from the State as the NECE in the amount of \$73.6 million in fiscal year 2019.

Actuarial Assumptions

The total OPEB liability in the August 31, 2018 actuarial valuation was rolled forward to August 31, 2019.

The actuarial valuation of the OPEB plan offered through TRS-Care is similar to the actuarial valuation performed for the TRS pension plan, except that the OPEB valuation is more complex. All of the demographic assumptions, including rates of retirement, termination, and disability, and most of the economic assumptions, including general inflation and salary increases, used in the OPEB valuation were identical to those used in the respective TRS pension valuation. The demographic assumptions were developed in the experience study performed for TRS for the period ending August 31, 2017.

The following assumptions and other inputs used for members of TRS-Care are identical to the assumptions used in the August 31, 2018 TRS pension actuarial valuation that was rolled forward to August 31, 2019:

Rates of Mortality
 Rates of Retirement
 General Inflation
 Wage Inflation

3. Rates of Termination 7. Expected Payroll Growth

4. Rates of Disability Incidence

The active mortality rates were based on 90% of the RP-2014 Employee Mortality Tables for males and females, with full generational mortality using Scale BB. The post-retirement mortality rates for healthy lives were based on the 2018 TRS of Texas Healthy Pensioner Mortality Tables, with full generational projection using the ultimate improvement rates from the most recently published scale.

The initial medical trend rates were 10.25% for Medicare retirees and 7.50% for non-Medicare retirees. There was an initial prescription drug trend rate of 10.25% for all retirees. The initial trend rates decrease to an ultimate trend rate of 4.50% over a period of 13 years.

Additional actuarial methods and assumptions are as follows:

Valuation date 8/31/2018 rolled forward to 8/31/2019

Actuarial cost method Individual entry age normal

Inflation 2.30%

Single discount rate 2.63% as of August 31, 2019

Aging factors Based on plan-specific experience

Election rates Normal retirement: 75% participation prior to age 65 and 50% participation after age

65. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue coverage at age 65.

Expenses Third-party administrative expenses related to the delivery of healthcare benefits are

included in the age-adjusted claims costs.

Projected salary increases* 3.05% to 9.05%, including inflation

Ad hoc postemployment benefit changes None

The impact of the Cadillac Tax has been calculated as a portion of the trend assumption. Assumptions and methods used to determine the impact of the Cadillac Tax include:

- 2018 thresholds of \$850/\$2,292 were indexed annually by 2.3%.
- Premium data submitted was not adjusted for permissible exclusions to the Cadillac Tax.
- There were no special adjustments to the dollar limit other than those permissible for non-Medicare retirees over 55.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Results indicate that the value of the excise tax would be reasonably represented by a 25-basis point addition to the long-term trend rate assumption.

Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 2.63% was used to measure the total OPEB liability. There was a decrease of 1.06% in the discount rate since the previous year. Because TRS-Care is essentially a "pay-as-you-go" plan, the single discount rate is equal to the prevailing municipal bond rate. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from active members and those of the contributing employers and the NECE are made at the statutorily required rates. Based on those assumptions, TRS-Care's fiduciary net position was projected to not be able to make all future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the municipal bond rate was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

Sensitivity of the Net OPEB Liability

Discount Rate Sensitivity Analysis – The following schedule shows the impact of the net OPEB liability if the discount rate used was 1% less than and 1% greater than the discount rate that was used in measuring the net OPEB liability:

	Discount Rate Discoun		ırrent Single			
			Di	scount Rate (2.63%)	1% Increase in Discount Rate (3.63%)	
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	34,207,539	\$ 28,333,429		\$	23,738,106

Healthcare Cost Trend Rates Sensitivity Analysis – The following presents the net OPEB liability of TRS-Care using the assumed healthcare cost trend rate of 8.5%, as well as what the net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a trend rate that is 1% less than or 1% higher than the assumed healthcare cost trend rate:

	1%	Decrease in	1% Increase in			
	Healthcare Cost			ent Healthcare	He	ealthcare Cost
•		rend Rate	Cos	st Trend Rate		Trend Rate
District's proportionate share of net OPEB liability	\$	23,113,417	\$	28,333,429	\$	35,325,846

OPEB Liability, OPEB Expense, and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

At June 30, 2020, the District reported a liability of \$28,333,429 for its proportionate share of TRS-Care's net OPEB liability. This liability reflects a reduction for State OPEB support provided to the District. The amount recognized by the District as its proportionate share of the net OPEB liability, the related State support, and the total portion of the net OPEB liability that was associated with the District were as follows:

	Total	\$ 65,982,217
State's proportionate share that is associated with the District		37,648,788
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability		\$ 28,333,429

The net OPEB liability was measured as of August 31, 2018 and rolled forward to August 31, 2019 and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB liability was based on the District's contributions to TRS-Care relative to the contributions of all employers to TRS-Care for the period September 1, 2018 through August 31, 2019.

At June 30, 2020, the employer's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability was 0.0599127%, compared to 0.0571479% as of August 31, 2019.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Changes Since the Prior Actuarial Valuation

The following were changes to the actuarial assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period:

- The discount rate was changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- The healthcare trend rates were reset to better reflect TRS-Care's anticipated experience. This change increased the total OPEB liability.
- The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 60%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the total OPEB liability.
- The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%. These changes decreased the total OPEB liability.

There were no changes in benefit terms since the prior measurement date.

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the District recognized OPEB expense of \$992,267 and revenue of \$992,267 for support provided by the State.

At June 30, 2020, the District reported its proportionate share of TRS-Care's deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

		Deferred			Deferred		
	Outflows			Inflows			
		of Resources			of Resources		
Differences between expected and actual economic experience		\$	1,389,995	\$	(4,636,465)		
Changes in actuarial assumptions			1,573,701		(7,620,997)		
Differences between projected and actual investment earnings			3,056		-		
Changes in proportion and difference between the District's							
contributions and the proportionate share of contributions			3,065,833		-		
Contributions paid to TRS subsequent to the measurement date			395,431				
	Total	\$	6,428,016	\$	(12,257,462)		

The net amounts of the District's balances of deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

OPEB Expense
\$ (1,154,682)
(1,154,682)
(1,155,672)
(1,156,237)
(1,156,082)
 (447,522)
\$ (6,224,877)

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Medicare Part D Subsidies

The Medicare Prescription Drug, Improvement, and Modernization Act of 2003, which was effective January 1, 2006, established prescription drug coverage for Medicare beneficiaries known as Medicare Part D. One of the provisions of Medicare Part D allows for TRS-Care to receive retiree drug subsidy payments from the federal government to offset certain prescription drug expenditures for eligible TRS-Care participants. For the fiscal years ended June 30, 2020, 2019, and 2018, the subsidy payments received by TRS-Care on behalf of the District were \$288,314, \$190,770, and \$146,954, respectively.

E. Employee Health Care Coverage

During the year ended June 30, 2020, employees of the District were covered by a health insurance plan (the "Plan"). The District paid premiums of \$316 per month per employee, \$341 per month per employee with child, \$366 per month per employee and spouse, and \$391 per month per employee and family to the Plan. Employees, at their option, authorized payroll withholdings to pay premiums for dependents. All premiums were paid to a licensed insurer. The Plan was authorized by Article 3.51-2, Texas Insurance Code and was documented by contractual agreement. The contract between the District and the insurer is renewable September 1, 2019 and terms of coverage and premiums costs are included in the contractual provisions.

F. Workers' Compensation

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District met its statutory workers' compensation obligations through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperative Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Workers' Compensation Program is authorized by Chapter 504, Texas Labor Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties. The Fund provides statutory workers' compensation benefits to its members' injured employees.

The District participates in the Fund's reimbursable aggregate deductible program. As such, the member is responsible for a certain amount of claims liability as outlined on the member's Contribution and Coverage Summary document. After the member's deductible has been met, the Fund is responsible for additional claims liability.

The Fund and its members are protected against higher than expected claims costs through the purchase of stop-loss coverage for any claim in excess of the Fund's self-insured retention of \$2 million. The Fund uses the services of an independent actuary to determine reserve adequacy and fully funds those reserves. As of August 31, 2019, the Fund carries a discount reserve of \$45,439,534 for future development on reported claims and claims that have been incurred but not yet reported. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Fund anticipated no additional liability to members beyond their contractual obligation for payment of contributions and reimbursable aggregate deductibles.

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are available on the TASB Risk Management Fund website and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

G. Unemployment Compensation

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the District provided unemployment compensation coverage to its employees through participation in the TASB Risk Management Fund (the "Fund"). The Fund was created and is operated under the provisions of the Interlocal Cooperation Act, Chapter 791 of the Texas Government Code. The Fund's Unemployment Compensation Program is authorized by Section 22.005 of the Texas Education Code and Chapter 172 of the Texas Local Government Code. All members participating in the Fund execute interlocal agreements that define the responsibilities of the parties.

The Fund meets its quarterly obligation to the Texas Workforce Commission. Expenses are accrued monthly until the quarterly payment has been made. Expenses can be reasonably estimated; therefore, there is no need for specific or aggregate stop-loss coverage for the unemployment compensation pool. For the year ended June 30, 2020, the Fund anticipates that the District has no additional liability beyond the contractual obligation for payment of contribution.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, Continued FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

The Fund engages the services of an independent auditor to conduct a financial audit after the close of each plan year on August 31. The audit is accepted by the Fund's Board of Trustees in February of the following year. The Fund's audited financial statements as of August 31, 2019 are available at the TASB offices and have been filed with the Texas Department of Insurance in Austin.

H. Subsequent Event

In March 2020, COVID-19 was recognized as a pandemic both worldwide and in the United States with local stay-at-home orders going into effect. The District suspended in-classroom learning for the remainder of the school year. While the initial event occurred prior to year end, the District was, subsequent to year end, continuing to modify its operations to prevent the spread to protect students, staff, and the community as a whole, while balancing the educational needs of students. In August 2020, the District resumed its 2020-2021 school year starting on the regularly scheduled date with in-classroom learning but providing parents and guardians the option for virtual learning on a semester-by-semester basis. Approximately 22% of students elected virtual learning. The District has made numerous changes to its operations, including provisions for students and staff to wear masks, more frequent cleanings, and numerous other changes. While such changes cause a significant hardship and have increased expenses, such increases are nominal in comparison to the overall budget. The District is continuing to monitor exposure levels with students, staff and the community as a whole, but to date the overall exposure threat level has been sufficiently low to continue with in-class learning, but the District is ready to modify its plans if necessary. The District will continue to seek out additional funding to cover the increased costs in responding to the pandemic.

Required Supplementary Information Required supplementary information includes financial information and disclosures required by Accounting Standards Board but not considered a part of the basic financial statements.	the Governmenta

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Data		1		2		3		Variance with Final Budget
Control		Rudaete	Budgeted Amounts					
Codes		Original	, a , ii	Final		Actual		Positive (Negative)
	REVENUES:		_		-		_	(regulary)
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	72,525,274	\$	72,542,674	\$	72,151,293	\$	(391,381)
5800	State Program Revenues	7,742,222		10,876,079		7,952,535		(2,923,544)
5900	Federal Program Revenues	455,000		545,000		530,041		(14,959)
5020	Total Revenues	80,722,496		83,963,753		80,633,869	_	(3,329,884)
	EXPENDITURES:							
	Current:							
0011	Instruction & Instructional Related Services:	40 507 050		47 404 000		40 005 540		705 000
0011	Instruction	46,507,350		47,421,232		46,695,542		725,690
0012 0013	Instructional Resources and Media Services Curriculum and Staff Development	996,843		1,023,141 2,137,897		1,000,105		23,036 186,268
0013	Total Instruction & Instr. Related Services	2,239,868 49,744,061	-	50,582,270	-	1,951,629 49,647,276	-	934,994
	Total instruction & instr. Helated Services	43,744,001	-	30,302,270	-	43,047,270	-	304,334
	Instructional and School Leadership:							
0021	Instructional Leadership	862,637		1,213,070		1,150,472		62,598
0023	School Leadership	5,108,479		5,066,127		5,040,977		25,150
	Total Instructional & School Leadership	5,971,116	_	6,279,197	_	6,191,449	_	87,748
			_		_		_	
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):							
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	3,109,156		3,406,618		3,314,069		92,549
0033	Health Services	968,181		1,049,809		1,022,813		26,996
0034	Student (Pupil) Transportation	2,385,513		3,273,968		2,633,015		640,953
0035	Food Services	130,738		174,965		109,528		65,437
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities	2,519,458	_	2,906,681	_	2,495,782	_	410,899
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	9,113,046	_	10,812,041	_	9,575,207	-	1,236,834
	Administrative Support Services:							
0041	General Administration	3,034,186		3,375,329		3,252,531		122,798
0041	Total Administrative Support Services	3,034,186	-	3,375,329	-	3,252,531	_	122,798
	Total Naminos auto Support Sollings		-	3,37 3,323	-		-	,
	Support Services - Nonstudent Based:							
0051	Plant Maintenance and Operations	8,668,417		8,895,850		8,615,234		280,616
0052	Security and Monitoring Services	930,170		966,731		843,188		123,543
0053	Data Processing Services	2,126,500	_	3,946,613		2,295,404	_	1,651,209
	Total Support Services - Nonstudent Based	11,725,087	_	13,809,194		11,753,826	_	2,055,368
0004	Ancillary Services:	47.440				00.074		
0061	Community Services	17,419	_	38,299	_	38,271	_	28
	Total Ancillary Services	17,419	_	38,299	_	38,271	-	28
	Debt Service:							
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt	149,650		150,650		150,000		650
0071	Interest on Long-Term Debt	17,105		17,105		17,105		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees	350		350		350		
	Total Debt Service	167,105	-	168,105	_	167,455	-	650
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	_		_		_	
	Capital Outlay:							
0081	Capital Outlay			8,605	_	2,608	_	5,997
	Total Capital Outlay		_	8,605		2,608	_	5,997

EXHIBIT G-1 Page 2 of 2

GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Data			1		2		3		Variance with Final Budget	
Control		_	Budgete	d Ar					Positive	
Codes	_	_	Original	_	Final	Actual			(Negative)	
0099	Other Intergovernmental Charges	\$	950,476	\$	939,661	\$	873,655	\$	66,006	
	Total Intergovernmental Charges	_	950,476		939,661	_	873,655	_	66,006	
6030	Total Expenditures	_	80,722,496	_	86,012,701	_	81,502,278	_	4,510,423	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)									
1100	Expenditures	-		_	(2,048,948)	_	(868,409)	_	1,180,539	
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):									
7912	Sale of Real or Personal Property						3,346		3,346	
7915	Transfers In				1,258,764		1,258,764			
8911	Transfers Out				(16,000)		(7,825)		8,175	
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_		_	1,242,764		1,254,285		11,521	
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	_		_	(806,184)	_	385,876	_	1,192,060	
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		19,360,756		19,360,756		19,360,756			
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	19,360,756	\$	18,554,572	\$	19,746,632	\$_	1,192,060	

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

^{1.} Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP).

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE SHARE OF THE NET PENSION LIABILITY TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS (TRS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

				Measuremer	nt Year*	
	_	2019		2018	2017	2016
District's proportion of the net pension liability (asset)		0.0413868%		0.0399888%	0.0394284%	0.0383046%
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	21,514,139	\$	22,010,814 \$	12,607,080 \$	14,474,737
State's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) associated with the District		41,785,626		42,175,066	24,437,063	28,970,238
Total	\$_	63,299,765	\$_ _	64,185,880 \$	37,044,143 \$	43,444,975
District's covered payroll**	\$	53,179,855	\$	48,863,880 \$	46,966,848 \$	44,011,175
District's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) as a percentage of its covered payroll		40.46%		45.05%	26.84%	32.89%
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		75.24%		73.74%	82.17%	78.00%

^{*} Only six years' worth of information currently available.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Changes in Assumptions

There were changes in assumptions or other inputs that affected measurement of the total pension liability (TPL) since the prior measurement period.

The TPL, as of August 31, 2019, was developed using roll-forward method from the August 31, 2018 valuation.

With the enactment of SB3 by the 2019 Texas Legislature, an assumption has been made about how this would impact future salaries. It is assumed that eligible active members will receive a \$2,700 increase in fiscal year 2020. This is in addition to the salary increase expected based on the actuarial assumptions.

The discount rate changed from 6.97% as of August 31, 2018 to 7.25% as of August 31, 2019.

Changes in Benefits

There were no changes of benefit terms that affected measurement of the TPL during the measurement period.

^{**} As of measurement date.

EXHIBIT G-2

	Measurement Year*											
	2015	2014										
	0.0395622%		0.0243006%									
\$	13,984,711	\$	6,491,027									
	26,992,031		22,919,079									
\$_	40,976,742	\$_	29,410,106									
\$	41,898,919	\$	40,418,780									
	33.38%		16.06%									
	78.43%		83.25%									

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEACHER RETIREMENT SYSTEM OF TEXAS (TRS) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	_	2020	2019	2018	2017
Contractually required contribution	\$	1,599,407 \$	1,208,597 \$	1,340,091 \$	1,282,679
Contributions in relation to the contractually required contribution		1,599,407	1,208,597	1,340,091	1,282,679
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$	\$	\$	\$	
District's covered payroll	\$	59,411,556 \$	53,179,855 \$	48,863,880 \$	46,596,786
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		2.69%	2.27%	2.74%	2.75%

^{*} Only six years' worth of information is currently available.

EXHIBIT G-3

	Fiscal Year*											
	2016	2015										
\$	1,207,743	\$	1,079,313									
	1,207,743		1,079,313									
\$_		\$										
\$	44,011,175	\$	42,065,117									
	2.74%		2.57%									

SCHEDULE OF THE DISTRICT'S PROPORTIONATE
SHARE OF THE NET OPEB LIABILITY
TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PROGRAM (TRS-Care)
FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Measurement Year*					
	2019	2018	2017			
District's proportion of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	0.0599127%	0.0571479%	0.0539478%			
District's proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ 28,333,429 \$	28,534,482 \$	23,459,856			
State proportionate share of the collective net OPEB liability associated with the District Total	\$ 37,648,788 65,982,217 \$	43,232,210 71,766,692 \$	37,806,439 61,266,295			
District's covered payroll**	\$ 53,956,622 \$	48,863,880 \$	46,966,848			
District's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability as a percentage of its covered payroll	52.51%	58.40%	49.95%			
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability	2.66%	1.57%	0.91%			

- Only three years' worth of information is currently available.
- As of the measurement date.

Notes to Required Supplementary Information:

Changes in Assumptions

There were changes in assumptions that affected measurement of the total OPEB liability since the prior measurement period.

The participation rate for pre-65 retirees was lowered from 70% to 65%. The participation rate for post-65 retirees was lowered from 75% to 50%. 25% of pre-65 retirees are assumed to discontinue their coverage at age 65. There was no lapse assumption in the prior valuation. These changes decreased the total OPEB liability.

The trend rates were reset to better reflect TRS's anticipated experience. This change increased the total OPEB liability.

The percentage of retirees who are assumed to have two-person coverage was lowered from 20% to 15%. In addition, the participation assumption for the surviving spouses of employees that die while actively employed was lowered from 20% to 10%. These changes decreased the total OPEB liabilty.

The discount rate was changed from 3.69% as of August 31, 2018 to 2.63% as of August 31, 2019. This change increased the total OPEB liability.

Changes in Benefits

There were no changes of benefit terms since the prior measurement period.

SCHEDULE OF DISTRICT CONTRIBUTIONS TEXAS PUBLIC SCHOOL RETIRED EMPLOYEES GROUP INSURANCE PROGRAM (TRS-Care) FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Fiscal Year*						
	_	2020		2019		2018	
Statutorily or contractually required District contribution	\$	466,914	\$	420,542	\$	374,736	
Contributions recognized by OPEB in relation to statutorily or contractually required contribution		466,914		420,542		374,736	
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$		\$		\$		
District's covered payroll**	\$	59,411,556	\$	53,179,855	\$	48,863,880	
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll		0.79%		0.79%		0.77%	

^{*} Only three years' worth of information is currently available.

Combining Statements
as Supplementary Information

This supplementary information includes financial statements and schedules not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, nor a part of the basic financial statements, but are presented for purposes of additional analysis.

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

					Permanent Fund	Total Nonmajor		
Data			Special	_	Boerne	Governmental		
Contro	ıl		Revenue		Outdoor	_	Funds (See	
Codes			Funds		Academy		Exhibit C-1)	
00000	ASSETS:	_	1 41146		7 todaomy			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	532,049	\$		\$	532,049	
1120	Current Investments		2,290,658	·		·	2,290,658	
1240	Due from Other Governments		287,884				287,884	
1260	Due from Other Funds		1,574,263		161,883		1,736,146	
1290	Other Receivables		128,613				128,613	
1300	Inventories		43,411				43,411	
1000	Total Assets	\$	4,856,878	\$	161,883	\$	5,018,761	
	LIABILITIES:							
	Current Liabilities:	_				_		
2110	Accounts Payable	\$	467,001	\$		\$	467,001	
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		403,873		1,313		405,186	
2170	Due to Other Funds		1,795,447		51,756		1,847,203	
2300	Unearned Revenue	_	209,808	_		_	209,808	
2000	Total Liabilities	_	2,876,129	_	53,069		2,929,198	
	FUND BALANCES:							
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:							
3410	Inventories		43,411				43,411	
J + 10	Restricted Fund Balances:		70,711				70,711	
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions		254,174				254,174	
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		1,683,164		108,814		1,791,978	
3000	Total Fund Balances	_	1,980,749	_	108,814	_	2,089,563	
0000	. Jan and Balanoo	_	.,000,7 10	_	,	_	_,000,000	
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	4,856,878	\$	161,883	\$	5,018,761	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Data Contro Codes	<u> </u>		Special Revenue Funds	_	Permanent Fund Boerne Outdoor Academy	_	Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds (See Exhibit C-2)
5700	REVENUES: Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	2 144 502	Φ	93,821	\$	2 220 222
5800	State Program Revenues	Φ	3,144,502	\$	93,021	Φ	3,238,323
5900	Federal Program Revenues Federal Program Revenues		1,434,867 2,977,930				1,434,867 2,977,930
5020	Total Revenues		7,557,299	_	93,821	-	7,651,120
3020	Total nevenues	_	7,557,299	_	93,021	-	7,031,120
	EXPENDITURES:						
	Current:						
0011	Instruction		3,924,199		55,045		3,979,244
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services		62,608				62,608
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		251,000				251,000
0021	Instructional Leadership		2,000				2,000
0023	School Leadership		69,104				69,104
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	;	190,042				190,042
0033	Health Services				299		299
0035	Food Service		2,525,967		23,306		2,549,273
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities		738,368				738,368
0041	General Administration		4,199				4,199
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations		7,191				7,191
0052	Security and Monitoring Services		37,750				37,750
0061	Community Services		2,455				2,455
0081	Capital Outlay		67,141				67,141
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements		18,500				18,500
6030	Total Expenditures		7,900,524		78,650		7,979,174
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)						
1100	Expenditures		(343,225)		15,171		(328,054)
1100	Experialitares	_	(343,223)	_	13,171	-	(320,034)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):						
7915	Transfers In		7,246				7,246
8911	Transfers Out		(7,246)				(7,246)
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)			_		=	
	Net Change in Fund Balances		(343,225)	_	15,171	-	(328,054)
0100	Fund Poloness - Posinning		0.000.074		00.640		0.417.617
	Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	φ_	2,323,974 1,980,749	Φ_	93,643	\$	2,417,617 2,089,563
3000	Fund balances - Ending	$^{\Phi}$	1,900,749	\$	100,014	Φ	2,009,303

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

		211		224		225		226	
Data									
Contro	I	Ti	tle I Part A	IDEA-B		IDEA-B		IDEA-B	
Codes	;	Imp	roving Basic	Formula	Pre	school Grant	D	iscretionary	
	ASSETS:	<u></u>							
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$		\$ 	\$	5,018	\$		
1120	Current Investments		68,268	423,955		1,995			
1240	Due from Other Governments		72,582	122,020		1,207		72,961	
1260	Due from Other Funds		2,075	95,925					
1290	Other Receivables								
1300	Inventories								
1000	Total Assets	\$	142,925	\$ 641,900	\$	8,220	\$	72,961	
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable	\$		\$ 15,249	\$		\$		
2160	Accrued Wages Payable		66,413	155,423		1,146			
2170	Due to Other Funds		76,512	471,228		7,074		72,961	
2300	Unearned Revenue			 					
2000	Total Liabilities		142,925	 641,900		8,220		72,961	
	FUND BALANCES:								
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:								
3410	Inventories								
	Restricted Fund Balances:								
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions								
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance			 					
3000	Total Fund Balances								
		_							
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$	142,925	\$ 641,900	\$	8,220	\$	72,961	

240 ational School eakfast/Lunch Program	 242 Summer Feeding Program	244 eer and Tech asic Grant	Supp	255 Itle II Part A orting Effective estruction	Aco	263 ish Language quisition and ihancement
\$ 46,296 562,777 5,023 17,888 7,221 43,411	\$ 	\$ 23,414 2,930 1,274 	\$	 68,728 822 24 	\$	 14,191 175 28
\$ 682,616	\$ 	\$ 27,618	\$	69,574	\$	14,394
\$ 2,359 178,567 164 209,808 390,898	\$ 	\$ 350 27,268 27,618	\$	160 69,414 69,574	\$	 14,394 14,394
43,411						
 248,307 291,718	 	 		 		
\$ 682,616	\$ 	\$ 27,618	\$	69,574	\$	14,394

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

Data Contro Codes	3	288 USDD ROTC		289 Title IV Part A Subpart 1	5	385 Supplemental Visually Impaired		392 n-Educational munity-Based Support
1110 1120 1240 1260 1290 1300 1000	ASSETS: Cash and Cash Equivalents Current Investments Due from Other Governments Due from Other Funds Other Receivables Inventories Total Assets	\$ 25,074 25,074	\$ 	3,395 669 346 51 4,461	\$ 	 297 570 867	\$\$	 2,779 9,455 12,234
2110 2160 2170 2300 2000	LIABILITIES: Current Liabilities: Accounts Payable Accrued Wages Payable Due to Other Funds Unearned Revenue Total Liabilities	\$ 2,324 16,902 19,226	\$	 4,461 4,461	\$	 867 867	\$	300 11,934 12,234
3410 3450 3490 3000	FUND BALANCES: Nonspendable Fund Balances: Inventories Restricted Fund Balances: Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions Other Restrictions of Fund Balance Total Fund Balances	 5,848 5,848	_	 		 		
4000	Total Liabilities and Fund Balances	\$ 25,074	\$	4,461	\$	867	\$	12,234

	397	410		428	429		461	
ı	Advanced Placement Incentives	 State Textbook	Fis	SPED cal Support	ol Safety curity Grant	Campus Activity		
\$	1,619 16,533 	\$ 297,188 6,742 188,733	\$	 20,000	\$ 19 	\$	470,226 812,940 908,057 121,392	
\$	18,152	\$ 492,663	\$	20,000	\$ 19	\$	2,312,615	
\$	 	\$ 448,368	\$		\$ 	\$	215	
_	 	 17,522 465,890		 	 		811,047 811,262	
	 18,152 18,152	 26,773 26,773		20,000	 19 19		1,501,353 1,501,353	
\$	18,152	\$ 492,663	\$	20,000	\$ 19	\$	2,312,615	

295,114

4,856,878

Page 3 of 3

COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

4000

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT

Total Liabilities and Fund Balances

Data Control Codes	0, 2020		481 SAMs Kids			499 ner Non-State nd Federal	_	Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit H-1)
	ASSETS:							
	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$			\$	5,476	\$	532,049
	Current Investments							2,290,658
_	Due from Other Governments							287,884
	Due from Other Funds		15,	,471		289,638		1,574,263
	Other Receivables							128,613
	Inventories							43,411
1000	Total Assets	\$	15,	,471	\$	295,114	\$	4,856,878
L	LIABILITIES:							
(Current Liabilities:							
2110	Accounts Payable	\$			\$		\$	467,001
2160	Accrued Wages Payable							403,873
2170	Due to Other Funds			4		193,695		1,795,447
2300 l	Unearned Revenue							209,808
2000	Total Liabilities			4		193,695	_	2,876,129
F	FUND BALANCES:							
	Nonspendable Fund Balances:							
3410	Inventories							43,411
	Restricted Fund Balances:							,
3450	Federal/State Funds Grant Restrictions							254,174
3490	Other Restrictions of Fund Balance		15.	,467		101,419		1,683,164
3000	Total Fund Balances	-		,467	-	101,419	_	1,980,749

15,471

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

			211		224		225		226
Data			T::: 1.D A		IDEAD		IDEA D		IDEA D
Contro Codes		lس	Title I Part A		IDEA-B	D	IDEA-B	_	IDEA-B
Codes	REVENUES:	-	nproving Basic	_	Formula	PIE	eschool Grant		iscretionary
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$		\$		\$		\$	
5800	State Program Revenues	Ψ		Ψ		Ψ		Ψ	
5900	Federal Program Revenues		518,974		1,330,457		7,537		72,961
5020	Total Revenues	_	518,974		1,330,457		7,537		72,961
3020	rotarrievendes	-	310,374	_	1,000,407	_	7,507	_	72,301
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		503,942		1,270,854		7,537		72,961
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services								
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development		11,178		2,200				
0021	Instructional Leadership		2,000						
0023	School Leadership								
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Service	es			38,903				
0035	Food Service								
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities								
0041	General Administration								
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations								
0052	Security and Monitoring Services								
0061	Community Services		1,854						
0081	Capital Outlay								
	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements	_		_	18,500				
6030	Total Expenditures	_	518,974		1,330,457		7,537		72,961
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures								
	F			_		_			
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfers In								
8911	Transfers Out								
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	_						-	
	Net Change in Fund Balances							-	
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning								
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$		\$	
5550		Ψ=		Ψ		Ψ		*	

	240 ational School eakfast/Lunch Program		242 Summer Feeding Program		244 reer and Tech sasic Grant	Supp	255 itle II Part A porting Effective astruction	Ac	263 glish Language equisition and nhancement
\$ 	1,277,190 11,396 744,810 2,033,396	\$ 	13,423 13,423	\$	 57,784 57,784	\$ 	98,987 98,987	\$ 	36,765 36,765
	 2,512,544 		 13,423 		51,007 6,777 		 98,987 		5,273 30,891
_	 2,512,544	_	 13,423	_	 57,784		 98,987	_	601 36,765
	(479,148) (479,148)	_			 		 	_	
\$	770,866 291,718	\$		\$		\$	 	\$	

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Data Contro Codes			288 USDD ROTC	_	289 Title IV Part A Subpart 1		385 Supplemental Visually Impaired	392 Non-Educational Community-Based Support	
	REVENUES:	_				_		_	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$		\$		\$		\$	
5800	State Program Revenues						2,152		15,068
5900	Federal Program Revenues		58,444	_	37,788	-			
5020	Total Revenues	_	58,444	-	37,788	-	2,152	_	15,068
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
0011	Instruction		58,444		12,736		1,592		15,068
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services								
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development				13,992		560		
0021	Instructional Leadership								
0023	School Leadership								
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Service	s							
0035	Food Service								
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities								
0041	General Administration								
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations								
0052	Security and Monitoring Services				11,060				
0061	Community Services								
0081	Capital Outlay								
0093	Payments to Shared Service Arrangements								
6030	Total Expenditures		58,444	_	37,788		2,152		15,068
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures			_		-			
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses):								
7915	Transfers In								
8911	Transfers Out								
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)			_		-			
	Net Change in Fund Balances			_					
0100	Fund Balances - Beginning		5,848						
	Fund Balances - Ending	\$	5,848	\$		\$		\$	
	5			=		=			

	397	410		428	429		461
_	Advanced Placement Incentives	 State Textbook	Fis	SPED scal Support	ool Safety Security Grant		Campus Activity
\$		\$ 	\$		\$ 	\$	1,689,955
	12,533	1,353,718		40,000			
_	12,533	 1,353,718	_	40,000			1,689,955
		1,353,718					393,097
							62,608
	2,945						83,470
							69,104
				20,000			131,139
							738,368
							4,199
							7,191
							26,690
							60,111
_	2,945	 1,353,718		20,000			1,575,977
_	9,588	 		20,000	 <u></u>		113,978
							7,246
							(5,246)
_		 			 		2,000
_	9,588	 		20,000	 		115,978
_	8,564	 26,773			 19	<u>.</u>	1,385,375
\$	18,152	\$ 26,773	\$	20,000	\$ 19	\$	1,501,353

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

_			481 SAMs Kids		499 er Non-State nd Federal		Total Nonmajor Special Revenue Funds (See Exhibit H-2)
	REVENUES:			-		_	· · ·
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	10,756	\$	166,601	\$	3,144,502
5800	State Program Revenues						1,434,867
5900	Federal Program Revenues	_				_	2,977,930
5020	Total Revenues	_	10,756		166,601	_	7,557,299
	EXPENDITURES: Current:						
0011	Instruction		2,539		175,431		3,924,199
0012	Instructional Resources and Media Services						62,608
0013	Curriculum and Staff Development						251,000
0021	Instructional Leadership						2,000
0023	School Leadership						69,104
0031	Guidance, Counseling, and Evaluation Services	;					190,042
0035	Food Service						2,525,967
0036	Cocurricular/Extracurricular Activities						738,368
0041	General Administration						4,199
0051	Facilities Maintenance and Operations						7,191
0052	Security and Monitoring Services						37,750
0061	Community Services						2,455
0081	Capital Outlay				7,030		67,141
0093	•						18,500
6030	Total Expenditures	_	2,539		182,461	_	7,900,524
1100 1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under) Expenditures	_	8,217		(15,860)	_	(343,225)
	Other Financing Sources and (Uses): Transfers In Transfers Out Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses) Net Change in Fund Balances	_	 8,217	_	(2,000) (2,000) (17,860)	_	7,246 (7,246) (343,225)
	Fund Balances - Beginning Fund Balances - Ending	\$ <u></u>	7,250 15,467	\$	119,279 101,419	\$_	2,323,974 1,980,749

COMBINING STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION AGENCY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020

			865		867		868		Total
Data									Agency
Contro	ıl		Student		District		District	F	Funds (See
Codes	}		Activity		14-Aaaa		29-Aaaa	I	Exhibit E-1)
	ASSETS:					-			
1110	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	95,533	\$	1,764	\$		\$	97,297
1260	Due from Other Funds		738				38,919		39,657
1000	Total Assets	_	96,271	_	1,764		38,919		136,954
	LIABILITIES:								
	Current Liabilities:								
2110	Accounts Payable		989						989
2170	Due to Other Funds		1,222		61				1,283
2180	Due to Other Governments				1,703		38,919		40,622
2190	Due to Student Groups		94,060						94,060
2000	Total Liabilities	_	96,271	_	1,764		38,919		136,954
	NET POSITION:								
3000	Total Net Position	\$_		\$		\$		\$	

Other Supplementary Information
This section includes financial information and disclosures not required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board and not considered a part of the basic financial statements. It may, however, include information which is required by other entities.

SCHEDULE OF DELINQUENT TAXES RECEIVABLE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

1000 Totals

		1		2	٨٠٠	3			
Year Ended June 30	_	Ta Maintenance	x Rates	Debt Service	V	sessed/Appraised alue For School Tax Purposes			
2011 and Prior Years	\$	Various	\$	Various	\$	Various			
2012	\$	1.04	\$.274	\$	3,897,926,376			
2013	\$	1.04	\$.254	\$	4,017,398,421			
2014	\$	1.04	\$.254	\$	4,171,416,708			
2015	\$	1.04	\$.254	\$	4,406,465,030			
2016	\$	1.04	\$.254	\$	5,599,270,443			
2017	\$	1.04	\$.276	\$	5,989,593,782			
2018	\$	1.04	\$.314	\$	6,263,391,229			
2019	\$	1.04	\$.314	\$	6,688,345,157			
2020 (School Year Under Audit)	\$.97	\$.314	\$	7,450,239,262			

9000 - Portion of Row 1000 for Taxes Paid into Tax Increment Zone Under Chapter 311, Tax Code

Beginning Curre Balance Year		20 Current Year's	Maintenance			32 Debt Service		40 Entire Year's		50 Ending Balance
 7/1/19		Total Levy	Collections		Collections		Adjustments		_	6/30/20
\$ 130,422	\$		\$	22,730	\$	5,865	\$	(11,976)	\$	89,851
52,932				9,302		2,451		(47)		41,132
78,438				10,170		2,484		(46)		65,738
98,407				13,554		3,310		(5)		81,537
127,254				36,125		8,823		11,228		93,534
141,659				40,865		9,980		17,420		108,234
198,887				67,543		17,925		20,432		133,851
272,559				91,963		27,766		24,321		177,151
1,248,114				615,475		185,826		(123,455)		323,358
		95,661,072		69,396,391		22,464,399		(2,355,254)		1,445,029
\$ 2,348,672	\$	95,661,072	\$	70,304,118	\$_	22,728,829	\$_	(2,417,382)	\$_	2,559,415
\$ 	\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	

NATIONAL SCHOOL BREAKFAST AND LUNCH PROGRAM BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

D-4-			1		2		3		Variance with
Data			Dudgeted Amounts						Final Budget
Control		_	Budgeted Amounts						Positive
Codes	_	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
	REVENUES:								
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	2,281,718	\$	2,281,718	\$	1,277,190	\$	(1,004,528)
5800	State Program Revenues		8,000		8,000		11,396		3,396
5900	Federal Program Revenues		876,323		876,323		743,653		(132,670)
5020	Total Revenues		3,166,041		3,166,041		2,032,239		(1,133,802)
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Current:								
	Support Services - Student (Pupil):								
0035	Food Services	_	3,166,041	_	3,205,126	_	2,525,967	_	679,159
	Total Support Services - Student (Pupil)	_	3,166,041	_	3,205,126	_	2,525,967	_	679,159
6030	Total Expenditures	_	3,166,041	_	3,205,126	_	2,525,967	_	679,159
0000	Total Experiationes	_	0,100,041	_	0,200,120	_	2,323,307	-	073,133
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures				(39,085)		(493,728)		(454,643)
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance			_	(39,085)	_	(493,728)	_	(454,643)
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		770,866		770,866		770.866		
		Φ_		Φ_		Φ_		Φ_	(454 640)
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	Ф_	770,866	$\Phi_{=}$	731,781	\$_	277,138	\$ ₌	(454,643)

DEBT SERVICE FUND BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

D - + -			1		2		3		Variance with
Data			5				Final Budget		
Control		-		Budgeted Amounts				Positive	
Codes	-	_	Original	_	Final	_	Actual	_	(Negative)
	REVENUES:		04 000 000	•	04 000 000		00 000 500	•	
5700	Local and Intermediate Sources	\$	21,606,692	\$	21,606,692	\$	23,000,598	\$	1,393,906
5800	State Program Revenues	_	250,000	_	250,000	_	256,860	_	6,860
5020	Total Revenues	-	21,856,692	-	21,856,692	-	23,257,458	-	1,400,766
	EXPENDITURES:								
	Debt Service:								
0071	Principal on Long-Term Debt		21,856,692		53,262,274		52,552,758		709,516
0072	Interest on Long-Term Debt				15,382,626		15,382,626		
0073	Bond Issuance Costs and Fees				2,697,052		2,697,052		
	Total Debt Service	_	21,856,692		71,341,952	_	70,632,436	_	709,516
6030	Total Expenditures	-	21,856,692	-	71,341,952	-	70,632,436	-	709,516
		-		-	.,,,,,,,,,,	-	,	-	
1100	Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over (Under)								
1100	Expenditures	_		_	(49,485,260)	-	(47,374,978)	_	691,250
	Other Financing Sources (Uses):								
7911	Capital-Related Debt Issued (Regular Bonds)				513,973		40,980,000		40,466,027
7916	Premium or Discount on Issuance of Bonds						7,736,082		7,736,082
7917	Prepaid Interest						168,378		168,378
7080	Total Other Financing Sources and (Uses)	-		-	513,973	-	48,884,460	-	48,370,487
1200	Net Change in Fund Balance	-		-	(48,971,287)	-	1,509,482	-	49,061,737
1200	Hot Change in Fand Balance				(10,071,207)		1,000,402		10,001,707
0100	Fund Balance - Beginning		6,035,641		6,035,641		6,035,641		
3000	Fund Balance - Ending	\$	6,035,641	\$_	(42,935,646)	\$	7,545,123	\$_	49,061,737

FEDERAL AWARDS AND OTHER COMPLIANCE SECTION



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

October 28, 2020

To the Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District:

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Boerne Independent School District (the "District"), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated October 28, 2020.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the District's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.



Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP *Certified Public Accountants* Houston, Texas



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

October 28, 2020

To the Board of Trustees of Boerne Independent School District:

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Boerne Independent School District's (the "District") compliance with the types of compliance requirements described in the *OMB Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of the District's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020. The District's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditors' results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

Management's Responsibility

Management is responsible for compliance with federal statutes, regulations, and the terms and conditions of its federal awards applicable to its federal programs.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on compliance for each of the District's major federal programs based on our audit of the types of compliance requirements referred to above. We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Those standards and the Uniform Guidance require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about the District's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.

We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. However, our audit does not provide a legal determination of the District's compliance.

AICPA*
GAQC Member

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

In our opinion, the District complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2020.

Report on Internal Control over Compliance

Management of the District is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above. In planning and performing our audit of compliance, we considered the District's internal control over compliance with the types of requirements that could have a direct and material effect on each major federal program to determine the auditing procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing an opinion on compliance for each major federal program and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control over compliance.

A deficiency in internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A material weakness in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A significant deficiency in internal control over compliance is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

BELT HARRIS PECHACEK, LLLP

Belt Harris Pechacek, LLLP Certified Public Accountants Houston, Texas

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

A. Summary of Auditors' Results

	1.	Financial Statements				
		Type of auditors' report issued:		Unmodified		
		Internal control over financial reporting:				
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?	Yes	X	No
		One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material w		Yes	X_	None Reported
		Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?		Yes	X_	No
	2.	Federal Awards				
		Internal control over major programs:				
		One or more material weaknesses	identified?	Yes	X	No
		One or more significant deficiencie are not considered to be material w		Yes	X_	None Reported
		Type of auditors' report issued on comp major programs:	liance for	<u>Unmodified</u>		
		Version of compliance supplement used	d in audit:	<u>August 2020</u>		
		Any audit findings disclosed that are recreported in accordance with Title 2 U.S Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200?		Yes	X	No
		Identification of major programs:				
		<u>CFDA Number(s)</u> 10.553 and 10.555 10.565	Name of Federal Proceed Child Nutrition Clus Commodities			
		Dollar threshold used to distinguish between type A and type B programs:	veen	\$750,000		
		Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?		X_ Yes		No
В.	Fina	ancial Statement Findings				
	Nor	ne				
C.	Fed	leral Award Findings and Questioned Cos	<u>sts</u>			
	Nor	ne				

SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Finding/Recommendation	Current Status	Management's Explanation If Not Implemented
None to report.		

SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
CHILD NUTRITION CLUSTER:			
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: School Breakfast Program National School Lunch Program Summer Food Service Program for Children Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Child Nutrition Cluster	10.553 10.555 10.559	074600578 074600578 074600578	\$ 85,548 559,914 13,423 658,885 658,885 658,885
FOOD DISTRIBUTION CLUSTER:			
U. S. Department of Agriculture Passed Through State Department of Education: Commodity Supplemental Food Program (Non-cash) Total U. S. Department of Agriculture Total Food Distribution Cluster	10.565	074600578	99,348 99,348 99,348
MEDICAID CLUSTER:			
U. S. Department of Health and Human Services Passed Through State Department of Education: Medicaid Administrative Claiming Program - MAC Total U. S. Department of Health and Human Services July Medicaid Cluster	93.778	130-901	13,953 13,953 13,953
SPECIAL EDUCATION (IDEA) CLUSTER:			
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education: IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Formula IDEA-B Discretionary Total CFDA Number 84.027 IDEA-B Preschool Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Education Total Special Education (IDEA) Cluster	84.027 84.027 84.027 84.027 84.173	186600011309016600 196600011309016600 206600011309016600 66001906 206610011309016610	41,968 3,968 1,331,978 72,961 1,450,875 7,796 1,458,671 1,458,671 1,458,671
OTHER PROGRAMS:			
U. S. Department of Defense Passed Through State Department of Education: Junior Reserve Office Training Corp. Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Defense	12.000	130-901	58,444 58,444 58,444

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICT SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

(1)	(2)	(2A)	(3)
Federal Grantor/ Pass-Through Grantor/ Program or Cluster Title	Federal CFDA Number	Pass- Through Entity Identifying Number	Federal Expenditures
U. S. Department of Justice Passed Through State Department of Education: Justice Assistance Grant Program Total Passed Through State Department of Education Total U. S. Department of Justice	16.738	2017-DJ-BX-0053	\$ <u>11,060</u> 11,060 11,060
U. S. Department of Education Passed Through State Department of Education:			
Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	19610101130901	206
Title I Part A - Improving Basic Programs	84.010	20610101130901	537,145
Total CFDA Number 84.010			537,351
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	19420006130901	1,505
Career and Technical - Basic Grant	84.048	20420006130901	58,708
Total CFDA Number 84.048			60,213
Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365	19671001130901	343
Title III Part A - English Language Acquisition	84.365	20671001130901	37,162
Total CFDA Number 84.365			37,505
Title II Part A - Supporting Effective Instruction	84.367	20694501130901	103,007
LEP Summer School	84.369	69551902	4,007
Title IV Part A Subpart 1	84.424	19680101130901	8,391
Title IV Part A Subpart 1	84.424	20680101130901	14,785
Total CFDA Number 84.424			23,176
Total Passed Through State Department of Education			765,259
Total U. S. Department of Education			765,259
TOTAL EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS			\$ 3,065,620
	Reco	onciliation of Federal Revenue: Federal Revenue per SEFA	\$ 3,065,620
		SHARs Reimbursement - General Fund	440.051
	Total Ca		442,351
	iotai Fe	deral Revenue per Exhibit C-2	\$3,507,971

The accompanying notes are an integral part of this schedule.

NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Basis of Presentation

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal grant activity of the District. The information in the Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200 Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards ("Uniform Guidance"). Therefore, some amounts may differ from amounts presented in, or used in the preparation of, the basic financial statements.

Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. These expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts shown on the Schedule, if any, represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years.

The District has elected not to use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

BOERNE INDEPENDENT SCHOOL DISTRICTSCHEDULE OF REQUIRED RESPONSES TO SELECTED SCHOOL FIRST INDICATORS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

Data Control Codes			Responses
SF1	Was there an unmodified opinion in the Annual Financial Report on the financial statements as a whole?	_	Yes
SF2	Were there any disclosures in the Annual Financial Report and/or other sources of information concerning nonpayment of any terms of any debt agreement at fiscal year end?		No
SF3	Did the District make timely payments to the Teacher Retirement System (TRS), Texas Workforce Commission (TWC), Internal Revenue Service (IRS), and other government agencies? (If the District was issued a warrant hold and the warrant hold was not cleared within 30 days from the date the warranty hold was issued, the District is considered to not have made timely payments.)		Yes
	Payments to the TRS and TWC are considered timely if a warrant hold that was issued in connection to the untimely payment was cleared within 30 days from the date the warrant hold was issued.		
	Payments to the IRS are considered timely if a penalty or delinquent payment notice was cleared within 30 days from the date the notice was issued.		
SF4	Was the District issued a warrant hold? Even if the issue surrounding the initial warrant hold was resolved and cleared within 30 days, the District is considered to have been issued a warrant hold.		No
SF5	Did the Annual Financial Report disclose any instances of material weaknesses in internal controls over financial reporting and compliance for local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF6	Was there any disclosure in the Annual Financial Report of material noncompliance for grants, contracts, and laws related to local, state, or federal funds?		No
SF7	Did the District post the required financial information on its website in accordance with Government Code, Local Government code, Texas Education Code, Texas Administrative Code and other statues, laws and rules that were in effect at the District's fiscal year end?		Yes
SF8	Did the Board members discuss the District's property values at a Board meeting within 120 days before the school district adopted its budget?		Yes
SF9	Total accumulated accretion on CABs included in government-wide financial statements at fiscal year end	\$	11,486,164